LIEBER'S
Fresh, Creamy Aerated
FLAKES
ONE OF LIEBER'S SUPERQUALITY PRODUCTS

THE JERUSALEM POST

SUNDAY,
JUNE 19, 1955

PRICE: 100 PRUTA
VOL. XXXI, No. 8195

Palestine Discount Bank Limited
Join our HAG SAVINGS PLAN
חסכון גמול

Marginal Column

By WILLIAM CLARK

THE meetings taking place during next week between the British, French and American Foreign Ministers in New York, and Washington, and with the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Molotov, in San Francisco, mark the beginning of a round of conferences which may produce a peace treaty to end not only the cold war, but also the still legally un-ended second world war. The atmosphere as this historic round begins is quite different from that at any of the other post-war conferences. In 1946 the simple optimism of Yalta had been replaced by an almost equally naive belief that all that was needed was for the West to be firm with Russia. As a result the policy of open disagreements openly arrived at was instituted. The American press (and later the whole Western press) were given a preview of what Western policy would be, and a day-by-day summary of how the programme had been carried out. This diplomacy by press conference came to characterise all the international talks of the cold war period. It was doomed to frustration, but to a large extent both sides wished the conferences to fail, because each thought its position would strengthen and that it would be in a better position for serious negotiation later on — Russia as it acquired nuclear power, the West as it built its land defences especially around the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation. That policy of waiting to negotiate from maximum strength reached its climax when Mr. Malenkov, then Soviet Premier, announced that Russia had hydrogen bombs; and shortly afterwards Nato was completed by the admission of Western Germany. But even before this climax a new atmosphere was apparent at the Geneva conference on Indo-China, largely as the result of the influence of Sir Anthony Eden, then British Foreign Secretary.

●

FOR the first time since the end of the war there was at Geneva a mass of detailed negotiation in secret, even though the main outline of the Western plans was communicated to the press correspondents. What characterized Geneva was not only the relative secrecy, but the knowledge that on Indo-China the West was negotiating from weakness complicated by divided policies. There was a certain air of desperation which the Western press respected. For the coming round of conferences the atmosphere seems to have changed once again. This time there is again an air of secrecy about British (and Western) plans. There is none of the boastful pre-prize-fight statements which have tended to emanate from Foreign Ministers about to meet (and, of course, defeat) Mr. Molotov. Nor has there been any of the more sober, "off the record" briefing, which has been a universal feature of past international conferences. Questions about the British attitude on this or that point are met by officials, even those commonly most garrulous, with the brief retort: "We are about to go into a bridge game, and I won't show my hand."

●

THE sense of real negotiation and real bargaining is one new feature, though reminiscent of Geneva; but in strong contrast to Geneva there is an air of overwhelming confidence. In part this emanates from a feeling that Russia is really in some trouble, and that Mr. Khrushchev's diplomacy is crude and hasty; in part it arises from the feeling that the West really has got something with which to bargain. Though no official information is forthcoming, it does seem likely that the bargaining point is Western Germany's free attachment to the West, and the West's acceptance of her as an equal. As long as the European Defence Community, and later the Paris agreements, were in doubt, Russia could always hope to stop Western Germany's being built up into the Western alliance without paying any price. That is no longer so. If it is true — as reports from Belgrade indicate — that Russia remains deeply fearful of any revival of German power in association with the United States, then it should be possible to see how much she will pay to limit this danger. Such a bargain has the advantage (which the Yalta bargains did not) that if the Russians fail to keep their part there is an easy sanction in the hands of the West.

Big Three Agree On Approach To Molotov

NEW YORK, Saturday (Reuter). — The Three Western Foreign Ministers concluded a two-day conference here yesterday, reaching agreement in major fields in preparation for their meeting with the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, in San Francisco next week, it was learned authoritatively.

Two of three topics were referred to directly in a brief communique issued after the final session of the conference which was also attended by the West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer.

First, agreement was reached on the procedures and arrangements which will be recommended to Mr. Molotov for the Big Four conference in Geneva on July 18, between the Soviet and Western heads of government.

The three Western Foreign Ministers will be able to take a concerted line on this subject, when the Soviet and Western Foreign Ministers meet in San Francisco for the U.N. 10th anniversary celebrations.

Secondly, agreement was reached that there should be discussions between the members of the North Atlantic Alliance, including West Germany, before the Geneva conference opens. The way was prepared for this *ad hoc* meeting of the NATO council at their last meeting in Paris.

Thirdly, it is understood that the three Western Ministers and the West German Chancellor found themselves in general agreement as to their evaluation of the significance of recent dramatic Soviet peace moves. In this evaluation, the Foreign Ministers were greatly assisted by Dr. Adenauer, who was recently been stressing in public statements the importance of realizing the inter-relationship between Communist policy in Europe and in Asia.

Fourthly, the Western Ministers expressed confidence in the ability of Dr. Adenauer, in his approaching talks with Soviet leaders, to maintain Western unity and safeguard Germany's interests.

They discussed the question of the timing of the meeting to which Dr. Adenauer has been invited by the Russians.

The communique did not refer to this question, because it is regarded as a matter for the German Federal Republic to decide for itself. Dr. Adenauer is understood to have made it clear, however, that he did not expect to meet the Soviet leaders until late summer or early autumn.

A spokesman for the Western Ministers denied that they had urged the German Chancellor to make any specific preconditions before accepting this Soviet invitation. Informed sources, however, do not exclude the possibility that the Soviet Government might on its own initiative decide to release some of the German prisoners of war held in the Soviet Union in order to create a more favourable atmosphere for the Soviet-West German talks.

Writs Against UK Ship Strikers

SOUTHAMPTON, Saturday (Reuter). — Summonses for disobeying orders were issued today against 49 of the crew of the 81,273-ton liner the Queen Mary in a new bid to break the seamen's strike which has immobilised half the Cunard Lines Transatlantic fleet and forced the company to organize an ocean airlift.

As detectives began delivering the summonses, High Court writs were served on some of the strike leaders here.

The Cunard company said it had begun proceedings for "damages and injunctions" against five strike leaders, and a High Court judge had granted interim injunctions against the men.

Fear of Call-Up

In Liverpool, young strikers told by the Ministry of Labour they were liable for call up because they had left their jobs as seamen, turned up in a steady flow to reregister as seamen.

The summonses against Queen Mary strikers are due for hearing in 10 days' time. They are brought under the Merchant Shipping Act, under which seamen who disobey lawful commands risk a month in prison and loss of pay.

The seamen's strike, now in its 19th day, involves about a thousand seamen who have tied up nine Transatlantic liners here and in Liverpool. They are striking for better living conditions, shorter working hours, longer shore leave and higher pay.

The Cunard company has chartered airliners to take some of its stranded passengers.

There was continued deadlock today in the dock workers' strike, in which 20,000 men have stopped work in six key ports. Some 260 ships are idle or undermanned.

The rail pay "referee," appointed to achieve a pay settlement after Britain's rail strike, continued work today, and his report is expected early next week.

New IL10m. Issue Of Palestine Electric

TEL AVIV, Saturday.—The new debentures issue of the Palestine Electric Corporation has been underwritten to the amount of IL10m., it has been announced. Banks have taken over approximately IL5m. and another IL5m. will be subscribed by the Pensions and Provident Funds.

The debentures will carry 6.5 per cent interest and will be income tax exempt. Twenty-five per cent will be deducted at the source. The capital amount will be guaranteed by the Treasury and linked to the cost-of-living index or to the dollar rate of exchange.

New Tory Gov't Scores First Commons Victory

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — Sir Anthony Eden's Conservative Government won its first victory in the newly-elected Commons on Friday night by a majority of 81.

Its majority over all other parties in a full house of 630 is 59.

By 339 votes to 258, the Commons rejected a Labour opposition motion attacking the Government's policies.

In the debate, Chancellor of the Exchequer R.A. Butler said production had "not suffered very greatly" through the recent 17-day railway strike.

Wanted
For the Head Office of Mif'alei Yam Hamelach Ltd. in Beersheba:
1) Chief Bookkeeper
2) Clerks for the Accounts Department
Candidates are requested to send written applications, enclosing curriculum vitae and copies of professional documents, to the following address:
Mif'alei Yam Hamelach Ltd., Personnel Manager,
P.O.B. 20, Beersheba.
Aid in obtaining "shikun" in Beersheba assured.

Churches Burned As Peron Quells Revolt

BUENOS AIRES, Saturday. — Citizens of the Argentine capital were today burying their dead, estimated at between 200 and 400, and unexploded bombs were being detonated by troops, in the aftermath to Thursday's brief revolt against the Government of General Juan Peron.

Officially, the identified dead were put at 147, and the wounded at 671.

An Army communique said the loyal forces are in absolute control throughout the nation.

Rebel broadcasts were still being heard in Montevideo today, but it is not known if they originate on Argentine territory.

The clandestine broadcasts claimed that the revolt had spread to, and was continuing in, Rosaria, the country's second largest city, and in Cordoba province. It also said that the naval station of Belgrano, near here, had risen against the regime and that two cruisers were speeding into port to aid the insurgents.

Warship H.Q.

An Argentine warship is reported on her way to Uruguay, and it is believed that she contains the headquarters of the abortive revolt, organised by units of the Navy.

The revolt followed the excommunication of leaders of the Government by the Vatican which itself was subsequent to the expulsion of the country's two leading prelates for obstructing President Peron's efforts at disestablishment.

Because of the serious damage to Government House by the four-hour bombing on Thursday, it is believed that some time will pass before General Peron can return. He is understood to have moved the seat of government to the Ministry of War.

In a broadcast to the nation last night, the President declared that the revolt "is all over now."

He blamed Communists for setting fire to the capital's main churches on Thursday night, and said that they were being rounded up.

'I am a Catholic'

"I am a Catholic," he said. "We are not attacking religion. We can settle our problems without violence." He added that the rebels would be dealt with firmly but with justice.

After the rebel bombing of this city had ceased on Thursday evening, armed bands roamed at will, setting ablaze nearly every Catholic church in the city centre, until heavily armed troops descended in force on the bloodstained streets.

The night air glowed red with church fires. The bands raided gunsmitheries, broke into and fired the diocesan headquarters, and then entered the Cathedral, destroying everything they could lay their hands on.

The rebel Glenn Martin and Catalina planes that bombed the city were reported to have come from Punta Del India naval base, at the mouth of the River Plate, some 160 kilometres away. Loyal forces were at once ordered to march on the base.

All the rebel planes were reported to have landed in Montevideo.

The Urugvayan Government today ordered the internment of all Argentine rebels who have fled to Uruguay. *(Reuter, UP)*

Secret Societies Still Active in China

HONG KONG, Saturday (Reuter). — Peking Radio reported today that several Chinese had been sentenced to death and others imprisoned for organizing secret societies in the Kalgan area, 160 kms north-west of the Chinese capital.

In a broadcast in Chinese, the radio said that the secret societies had "penetrated" agricultural cooperatives in the area, and 27 hideouts had been discovered.

It added that six societies had been uncovered with names like "Great Buddhism," "Bright Eye" and "Central."

"Their activities were clandestine and mysterious," the broadcast stated.

One secret society had recruited more than 30 members of an agricultural cooperative "and had also engaged in insidious activities to destroy cooperatives."

The announcement climaxed nearly a month of reports in Communist newspapers of armed revolt attempts in five Chinese provinces for which a total of more than 70 persons have already been sentenced to death and executed and about 500 imprisoned.

Fresh Terror Wave Sweeps Algeria

ALGIERS, Saturday (Reuter). — A new wave of terror swept Algeria over the week-end.

Near the town of Batna a French Civil Servant and his son were shot dead by terrorists on Friday. Three native soldiers were killed and two wounded in the same area when terrorists ambushed a military convoy. The rebels were finally driven off by French reinforcements.

In the town of Philippeville, a European was killed and five injured in seven separate bomb explosions on Friday. A terrorist was killed by a policeman, when trying to throw another bomb.

A large number of arrests was made.

A bus from a neighbouring town was found burned out by the roadside. There was no sign of its passengers or the driver.

In Morocco, a former Chief Inspector of the Casablanca Police has been arrested in connection with the investigation into "counter-terrorist" activities, it was announced in Paris.

N. Korea to Expell All Pro-Japanese Foreigners

SEOUL, Saturday. — South Korea's Foreign Minister said today he would devote the rest of his life to "chasing pro-Japanese foreigners, especially Americans, out of South Korea."

Pyun Yung Tai told a press conference, "I must make the title pro-Japanese as dreadful and shameful as anything you can imagine. I will devote my life to making everyone, especially Americans, shiver when called pro-Japanese."

DELAY IN APPOINTMENT OF WEHRMACHT GENERAL

BONN, Saturday (UP). — The West German Defence Ministry reversed itself yesterday and announced that former *Wehrmacht* General Adolf Heusinger had not yet been named to the post of Inspector-General — the highest post in the new German armed forces.

YIDDISH EDITOR REFUSES TO TELL

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). —The editor of the Yiddish daily "Freiheit," Mr. P. Novick, refused to tell Senate investigators yesterday whether he was a Communist, nor to name his employees, his superiors or the owners of the paper which he said, has a circulation of about 12,000.

BOAC to Resume Service To Lydda When it Pays

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter).— The British Overseas Airways Corporation is to resume the air link between Britain and Israel as soon as it proves economical to do so, Mr. J.D. Profumo, Joint Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Civil Aviation, told the Commons on Thursday night.

A Conservative, Mr. W. Telling, had said that the decision of BOAC to suspend their service from Britain to Lydda Airport in April had been interpreted in Tel Aviv as due to Arab pressure.

In his reply, Mr. Profumo said any new decision must rest with the airways corporation. The original decision was taken solely on economic grounds and was one which the corporation regarded as temporary. They hoped to resume as soon as conditions had reasonably improved.

N.Y. Mayor Arrives for Visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — The whole of New York City, not only its two-and-a-half-million Jewish citizens, were proud of Israel and appreciated its vital role as an outpost of democracy, Mayor Robert F. Wagner, told the press on his arrival here tonight with his wife, for a three-day visit as guest of the Government.

He inspected a police guard of honour.

The visitor was met by the head of the American Division of the Foreign Ministry, Mr. Y. Herzog, Mr. A.S. Moyal, Director-General of the Ministry of the Interior, the Mayor of Tel Aviv and Mrs. Levanon, and the American Ambassador, Mr. E.B. Lawson, and Colonel Query, U.S. military attache.

MINE IS BLUE BAND
MARGARINE

Russia Expels Three American Attaches

WASHINGTON, Saturday (Reuter). — Russia has expelled three American assistant army attaches, who were stationed in Moscow, it was announced here today.

The Soviet Foreign Ministry accused them of "improper activities." Officials here said that the three had already left the Soviet Union. They are Lt. Colonel John Benson, Captain William R. Stroud and Captain Walter Mul. All three were Assistant Army Attaches at the Embassy.

US Senate Ratifies Austrian State Pact

WASHINGTON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Senate yesterday ratified the Austrian state treaty restoring Austria's sovereignty and ending the 10 years' military occupation by the Soviet Union, Britain, France and the U.S. The voting was 63 to 3.

The three dissenters — from the isolationist wing of the Republican Party — were Senators Joseph McCarthy, William Jenner and George Malone.

Sen. Jenner's voice was the only one raised in outright denunciation of the treaty during the four-hour debate, but several members who finally voted for ratification criticized the "hardness" of the Soviet demands on Austria.

Democrat and Republican Party leaders said that concessions had to be made to the Russians but the treaty was the best that could be got under the circumstances.

No approval is required from the House on treaties.

IMAM OF YEMEN DISMISSES P.M.

CAIRO, Saturday (Reuter). — The Prime Minister of the Yemen, Emir Seif el Islam el Hassan, now on his way to San Francisco for the U.N. 10th anniversary celebrations, has been removed from his post, the Yemen Ambassador here, Abdul Rahman Abu Talar, announced tonight.

Imam Ahmed, and his son, Crown Prince Seif el Islam el Badr, are planning a reorganization of the government, he said, and el Hassan was now merely one of the Imam's advisers.

Deny El Azem Queried On Activity in Paris

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter).—The Syrian Embassy here yesterday denied a report from Damascus that the Syrian Government had asked its Foreign Minister, Khaled el Azem, now in the U.S. about reports that he had undertaken to stop Damascus Radio broadcasts directed against French North African policy.

The Embassy also denied that the Government had asked the Minister about a report that he had thanked France for her attitude to Syria.

Prior to his departure last night for the U.S., where he will attend the U.N.'s 10th anniversary celebrations, el Azem discussed military cooperation between France and Syria with M. Gaston Palewski, Minister in Charge of Atomic Affairs and Defence Coordination.

Total Eclipse of Sun In South-East Asia

MILAN, Saturday (Reuter). — The Brera Astronomical Observatory of Milan has given some details in advance of the total eclipse of the sun tomorrow.

The eclipse will be one of the longest this century. At its maximum point, west of the Philippines, it will last seven minutes and eight seconds — almost the limit of a solar eclipse.

The narrow zone of total eclipse runs from the Indian Ocean to the Pacific, passing across Ceylon, where it lasts over four minutes, Thailand, Indo-China, the Philippines, and the Fiji Islands.

A partial eclipse will be seen in South Asia, India, Indonesia, East Africa and Northern Australia.

ISRAEL BUYING $3.6m. U.S. SURPLUS GRAIN

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). — The Israel Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, and the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Near Eastern Affairs, Mr. John Jernegan, yesterday signed an agreement whereby the U.S. will sell Israel $3.6m. worth of agricultural surpluses for Israel currency.

The agreement covers 22,000 tons of wheat and 40,000 tons of grain fodder. It brings to $13m. the value of U.S. surplus grain sold to Israel this year.

Israel Proposes Mine-Strip To Keep Peace in Gaza Area

New 4-Point Plan Published

Jerusalem Post U.N. Reporter

A 100-metre-wide mined strip between two barbed wire fences to form a security zone along the sixty-kilometre-long Gaza demarcation line is one of four proposals outlined in a new Israel plan for the reduction of tension and the restoration of quiet in the area. The plan was announced on Friday by a Foreign Ministry spokesman in Jerusalem, and has been communicated to General E.L.M. Burns, Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision Organization.

The four-point plan proposed by Israel, while obviously bearing some relation to that outlined by General Burns last November, differs in certain essential respects, having been arrived at by a long process of practical experience on this border. Observers close to U.N. circles in Jerusalem are inclined to believe that the new proposals are particularly valuable for this reason, and point out that when General Burns put forward his original plan eight months ago he hoped and intended that it would be the basis for discussion and improvement by the parties concerned.

The feeling in U.N. circles is that when General Burns informs Egypt of the proposals, matters will then be in her hands, and if she adheres to her frequently made assurance of her readiness to accept the original four points of the U.N. Chief of Staff, then there is no reason why she should not accept Israel's proposals which closely parallel them.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman said that the plan would be presented at the meeting of representatives of Israel and Egypt which General Burns is trying to arrange. It provides for:

1. The definite cancellation of standing orders admittedly issued to Egyptian forces, concerning the opening of fire on Israel patrols moving within Israel territory.
2. The creation along the armistice demarcation line of a security zone in the form of a mined strip 100 metres wide, to be flanked on both sides by barbed wire.
3. The institution of joint Israel-Egypt patrols within the security zone for the purpose of supervising the condition of the fences.
4. Regular meetings between local Israel and Egyptian commanders and the establishment of direct telephone communication between them.

The four points, the Foreign Ministry spokesman explained, would go a long way to reduce tension along the Gaza demarcation line. Implementation of clause one particularly would remove one of the most serious causes of bloodshed which had taken place in recent months. The proposal for a secondary zone differed essentially from that of a demilitarized or neutral zone in that it would not create a vacuum inviting infiltration and marauding but would present definite barriers to them.

With reference to the joint patrols, their terms of reference were defined within the clause and they would not obviate the proper activity of Israel and Egyptian patrols within their own territory. Clashes and incidents, however, should be minimized by the presence of the barrier.

The joint patrols which are to move within the security zone, at intervals to be decided by the parties, would make sure that the barriers at its flanks are kept intact, whereas prevention of violations of the demarcation line between the territories of the parties would be achieved by ordinary security measures taken by each party on its own side.

The meetings between the military commanders would ensure close cooperation in the maintenance of border security on the part of those actually in control of the military forces; without direct telephone lines between them, such cooperation cannot become fully effective. These local commander meetings are, of course, distinct from and in addition to meetings between Israel and Egyptian representatives on the Mixed Armistice Commission which are entirely different in character and serve quite another purpose.

The local commanders agreement depended materially on the

(Continued on Page 3, — Col. 2)

Welcome in London

Diplomatic circles in London, quoted by the Near East Arab Broadcasting station last night, described the new Israel proposals as "constructive."

Girl Guard Wounded; Infiltrator Killed

An 18-year-old member of Kibbutz Kfar Menahem, near Beer Tuvia, Dalia Schwartz, was shot at and seriously wounded by infiltrators on Friday night while she was on guard duty.

On hearing a noise, Dalia approached two figures. They opened fire on her immediately, wounding her in the stomach. She managed to fire one shot in exchange.

The shots and the girl's cries brought members of the *kibbutz* from their *oneg shabbat*. They immediately found Dalia, who despite her wounds had managed to drag herself into the light.

She was taken to the Kaplan hospital, Rehovot, and operated on. Her condition was later reported as not dangerous.

A lone shot was fired from Jordan towards the Israel police outpost in Beit Safafa in Southwest Jerusalem on Friday night. No one was injured.

A Jordanian was killed early yesterday morning and others fled back across the border in an exchange of fire between an Israel patrol and a group of Jordanians who penetrated Israel territory near Kfar Saba, the Army spokesman has announced.

The body, that of a Lance-corporal of the National Guard, was left in Israel territory about 500 metres from the border.

According to a Jordan statement issued in Amman, the clash occurred when a unit of Israel soldiers penetrated Jordan territory in Kalkilya. In the exchange of fire, one National Guardsman was killed and, before withdrawing across the lines, the Jews took with them another guard whom they kidnapped.

Jordan submitted a complaint to the MAC, demanding an emergency session. According to a U.N. spokesman, the MAC investigation was well under way at noon yesterday.

MAN, TWO BOYS DROWN IN SEA

HAIFA, Saturday. — Bathing in the sea took three lives today.

Two boys drowned off Hahotrim beach, south of here, this morning. The beach, to which admission is free, is widely used, but has no life guard.

Victor Albu, 11, of Tirat Hacarmel was pulled out of the sea in a serious condition, and died after admission to Rambam Hospital. The body of his companion, David Cohen, 12, was later found on the beach near Atlit.

In the South, a man drowned at Beit Sukeir, north of Migdal Ashkelon, while his 12-year-old son fought the waves to keep him afloat. Crowds of bathers heard shouts for help from the water, where Benjamin Richter and his son were swimming beyond the surf. When they were brought ashore, all efforts to save the father proved in vain. A hospital report later stated that the dead man is believed to have died of a heart attack.

12 DROWN IN CHANNEL

CAEN, Saturday.—A boat carrying 30 tourists sank today near Riva Bella on the French Channel coast. Police said that 12 persons had died.

Mexican Envoy to Italy Here for Week's Visit

Dr. R. Beteta, Mexican Ambassador to Italy, arrived here on Friday morning for a one-week visit as guest of the Government.

At Lydda Airport, he expressed the hope that a Legation would soon be set up in Israel. Later, Dr. Beteta was received by Prime Minister Moshe Sharett at his office in the Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem and by Mr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry. The Ambassador then visited Mt. Herzl and laid a wreath on Herzl's grave.

The Ambassador and his wife were the guests of the Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry and Mrs. Lourie for lunch on Friday.

Dr. Beteta will be received by Mr. David Ben-Gurion, the Minister of Defence, and Dr. B. Mazar, President of the Hebrew University, today.

MOLOTOV ACCEPTS COWBOY HAT

CHEYENNE, Wyoming, Saturday (Reuter).—The Soviet Foreign Minister Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, accepted a 10-gallon cowboy hat from a newspaper reporter here yesterday while on his way to San Francisco for the U.N. anniversary meeting.

The reporter, Mr. Robert N. Syers of the "Denver Post," also presented a like hat to the Soviet Ambassador to the U.S., Mr. Georgi Zarubin.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

A serious split in the Z.O.A. was revealed when Mr. Louis Lipsky announced that he and certain other American Zionists would not participate in the annual convention which opened yesterday in Washington because of the identification of the Z.O.A. with the General Zionists in Israel.

Eytan Urges Burns To Plan Top Talks

Major-General E.L.M. Burns, Chief of Staff of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization, called on Mr. W. Eytan, Director-General of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, on Friday afternoon to discuss the situation on the Gaza Strip border, the Foreign Ministry spokesman announced.

In the course of the conversation, Mr. Eytan re-emphasized the importance attributed by the Government to high-level talks between representatives of Israel and Egypt to be held with a view to devising means for the reduction of tension along the border.

Mr. Eytan recalled that, as long ago as April 21, Israel had replied in the affirmative to General Burns' invitation addressed to both parties to hold such high-level talks.

M. Henri Vigier, Political Adviser to the Chief of Staff, and Mr. Joseph Tekoah, Director of Armistice Affairs at the Foreign Ministry, attended the meeting.

US May 'Augment' 1950 Declaration

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). —Informed sources here say that the U.S. is giving sympathetic consideration to the possibility of augmenting the 1950 Tripartite Declaration in some way or other, so as to allay Israel's sense of apprehension and isolation.

But officials draw a distinction between this study and the idea of a mutual defence treaty which cannot be reconciled to American thinking except within the concept of collective security against "Communist aggression."

An American-Israel alliance of this sort would have to be adjusted to regional planning, and some time is expected to elapse before such an adjustment becomes possible.

Israel is understood here to want a security pact with the U.S. which would provide for military assistance in the event of an Arab attack. Officials do not believe that Israel is ready for a pact for the defence of the Middle East against external aggression.

Such a pact would make immediate difficulties with Russia, whose control over millions of Jews is never forgotten in Israel, informants point out.

The Soviet warning to Israel, to abstain from a military alliance with the U.S., published in "Izvestia" last week, drew the immediate attention of officials here dealing with Middle East policy, but no official comment was forthcoming.

U.N. COUNCIL MAY MEET ON 'PALESTINE' SOON

NEW YORK, Saturday. — Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge (U.S.), this month's President of the U.N. Security Council, has warned the Secretary General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, that it may be necessary to call a Council meeting on "the Palestine question" in San Francisco next week, U.N. Headquarters have announced.

Mr. Lodge first warned that a meeting might be necessary 11 days ago in a letter to the Secretary-General and other members of the Council, as well as Israel and Egypt.

In spite of an earlier denial by Mr. Hammarskjold, it is still possible that the Council may convene in San Francisco where the 10th anniversary of the U.N. is to be celebrated next week. *(INA, Reuter)*

F.A.O. CONFERENCE IN ISRAEL NEXT SPRING

A conference of international experts to discuss problems of agricultural settlement will be held in Israel next spring under the auspices of the UN Food and Agriculture Organization.

This was revealed by Dr. L. Samuel, Economic Adviser to the Ministry of Agriculture, who has just returned from Europe where he conducted negotiations with the FAO regarding technical assistance to Israel in 1956.

No Maid?
(See page 3)

Hadassah
WELCOMES YOU
TO ISRAEL
Call: JERUSALEM 4061
TEL AVIV 23239
HAIFA 4870
We arrange one-day trips to see our work in Israel
HADASSAH CLUB for OVERSEAS VISITORS

Social & Personal

The Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive and Mrs. Berl Locker last week entertained to dinner Dr. Jose Eduardo Picerno, member of the Argentine parliament, at Beit Shalom in Jerusalem.

•

The formation of a Ladies Committee to raise funds for the celebration of the 200th Mozart anniversary was announced at a Mozart Evening held by the "Israel Mozarteum," at the home of the Consul-General of Finland and Mrs. J. Oiserman in Tel Aviv last night.

•

ARRIVALS: Mr. K. Suganuma, Second Secretary of the Japanese Embassy in Ankara, for leave here.

•

DEPARTURES: Mr. M. Tov, Director of the Latin American Department of the Foreign Ministry and a member of the Israel delegation to the U.N., for the U.S. for the 10th anniversary celebrations in San Francisco; Mr. A. C. Fuller, Vice-Consul of the American Embassy, for home leave on the completion of his tour of duty, prior to taking up his new post in Hong Kong, and Mrs. Fuller; Miss Brenda Lewis, the opera star, for London, after giving a number of recitals in this country; Mrs. Y. Tarshish (Bat-Rahel) and Mr. M. Dorman, for Paris, as delegates to the Jewish Congress Against Rearming Germany; Mr. S. Sitchin, Secretary of the Israel-American Chamber of Commerce, for the U.S.; Dr. Anna Gelber, for Canada, on a short visit.

•

Mr. B. Gebiner, the Deputy General Secretary of the Workmen's Circle in the U.S., was the week-end guest of the Mayor of Beersheba, Mr. D. Tuvyahu. Mr. Gebiner promised IL8,000 for the new Beersheba library to which his organization donated during Mr. Tuvyahu's recent visit to the U.S.

•

A reception was given at the Beit Hahalutzot, Tel Aviv, on Friday for Mrs. Jane Prince, President, and Mrs. Rose Isaacs, Vice-President of the Women's League for Israel in the U.S.

•

His Excellency Dr. Ramon Beteta, Mexican Ambassador to Italy, will deliver a lecture on "The Economic Development of Mexico in Recent Years" under the auspices of the Eliezer Kaplan School of Economics and Social Sciences—the Hebrew University tonight, at 8.30, in Room 72, Ratisbonne Building.

•

Dr. Norbert Wiener, Professor of Mathematics at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who is at present in Israel as the guest of the Weizmann Institute, will deliver a lecture on "Brainwaves" under the auspices of the Hebrew University tonight, at 8.15, at Terra Sancta Building. He will deliver two guest lectures under the auspices of the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, as follows: 1) "The Measurement of Causality" on June 21, Room 12 of the Technion, at 8.30 p.m. 2) "Timing and Organization (Clocks in Factories)" on June 23, Room 12, at 8.30 p.m.

MEMORIAL MEETING AT KFAR SHMARYAHU

The 20th anniversary of the death of Dr. Shmaryahu Levin, the noted Zionist tribune, will be marked by the Local Council of Kfar Shmaryahu, the township called after him, at 8.30 this evening.

The scheduled speakers are Mr. Berl Locker, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive; Mr. P. Rosen, Minister of Justice, and Dr. Yeshayahu Wolfsberg, member of the Zionist General Council.

The Prime Minister has accepted an invitation to attend the meeting. Dr. B. Weil, chairman of the Council, will preside.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 3.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ARMON: "Pigalle."
EDEN: Knights of the Round Table. Also at 10.30 a.m.
EDISON: Julietta, 2nd week.
ORGIL: So Big, 6th week.
ORNA: The Siege at Red River.
ORION: Giuseppe Verdi, 2nd week.
RON: Ring of Fear.
STUDIO: "Jeux Interdits."
TEL OR: Aaron Slick from Punkin Crick.
ZION HALL: "Les Enfants de l'Amour."

TEL AVIV

At 4, 7.20, 9.30 p.m.

ALLENBY: "L'Ennemi Public No. 1", 2nd week.
CHEN: Sabrina.
ESTHER: Kiss Me Kate.
MOGRABI: The Egyptian, 2nd week.
OPHIR: Flame and the Flesh.
ORION: Dial M. for Murder, 4th week.
TAMAR: The Man Between, 3rd week. Continuous from 9.45 a.m. to 3.45 p.m.: The Golden Blade.
YARON: "Le Mouton a Cinq Pattes", 7th week.

HAIFA

ARMON: Knock on Wood, 3rd week.
ORLY: Stalag 17.
EN DOR: Duel in the Sun.
ORION: Blowing Wild, 2nd week.
ATZMON: Rhapsody, 2nd week.
PEER: Ali Baba and the 40 Thieves, 2nd week.
GAL OR: Down Argentine Way. Matinees: Singapore.
AMPHITHEATRE: Demetrius and the Gladiators, 2nd week.
ORAH: "Secrets d'Alcove" 2nd week.

SIGHTSEEING LTD
TOURS
DRIVE YOURSELF CARS
HAIFA 4 Safad St. Tel. [illegible]
TEL-AVIV [illegible]

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
June 19, 1955

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeal
Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justice Silberg and Landau.

Tevia Halawi, Appellant, v. Solomon David Eliahu Chaim (Halawi) and others, Respondents. (C.A. 131/54)

Refractory Wife May Inherit from Husband.

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on February 9, 1954, overruling a decision that a "refractory wife" *(moredet)* cannot inherit her share of her husband's estate.

In 1951, an application was made to the Tel Aviv District Court for a Succession Order in connection with the estate of Shlomo Eliahu Chaim (Halawi) who died in 1944. In the application the deceased's heirs were enumerated as being his widow, three sons, and a daughter. One son, Moshe, who had died in 1945 was, for some reason or other, not included in the list of the heirs. His widow, the appellant, objected to the Succession Order claiming that she was entitled to part of Moshe's share of the inheritance. The remaining heirs retaliated by producing a Rabbinical Court judgment which laid down that the appellant had no right of inheritance and no claim to maintenance since she had been a refractory wife having deserted her husband a month after the marriage and having consistently refused to return to him till the day of his death 14 years later.

Judge Kister of the Tel Aviv District Court held that the judgment of the Rabbinical Court was *res judicata* and therefore binding upon him, in so far as it referred to the appellant's being a refractory wife and the consequent loss of her rights of inheritance.

Mrs. Samuel appeared for the appellant, Mr. Z. Feller for the respondents.

Judgment

The judgment of the Supreme Court was delivered by the President, Justices Silberg and Landau concurring, the former in a separate judgment.

The President dealt with the two main issues which had arisen in the case: whether the Rabbinical Court judgment was *res judicata* in so far as the appellant's inheritance was concerned; and whether if the answer to the first question were in the negative and on the presumption that according to Jewish law a refractory wife does not inherit (ignoring, deliberately, the fact that a wife does not inherit at all according to Jewish Law) section 23 of the Succession Ordinance should be interpreted as meaning that the right of inheritance of a refractory wife should be decided according to Jewish Law.

Section 23 states: "For the determination of any question as to whether any person is a member of a class, or possesses a character or quality, whereby he is entitled to share in a succession, the civil courts shall apply the following rules:— if the claimant is a member of one of the communities the law of the community shall apply."

In dealing with the first question, the President pointed out that the Rabbinical Court judgment had been given in connection with an application for *halitza*, in the course of which the appellant had asked that her brother-in-law hand over all her late husband's property giving her *halitza*. The Rabbinical Court was certainly not compelled to grant this request as a condition precedent to *halitza*, but it was also not entitled to lay down that she had no right of inheritance at all. If, for example, the appellant had not been a "refractory wife," and the Rabbinical Court had rejected her request for her husband's property on the grounds that a wife does not inherit, would anyone have regarded this as debarring her from applying to the civil court in order to get her inheritance under the Succession Order? Just as in that case she was not debarred from claiming her rights in the District Court, continued Justice Olshan, so was she not debarred by the fact that, in addition to the disability of being a mere wife, she was also a "refractory wife," since the Rabbinical Court had not held that, according to Jewish Law, a refractory wife is not a wife at all.

Personal Status and Succession Law

Having answered the first question in the negative, the President, after referring to a succession of local judgments, held that the correct interpretation of section 23 was that in order to determine the personal status recourse must be had to the law of his community. His personal status (i.e. whether he is a son, a husband, father, etc.) having been established by means of religious law his rights of inheritance will then be decided by the secular law — which is the Succession Ordinance in general and section 23 in particular. In other words, section 23 does not apply to cases where the personal status of would-be heirs is clear; it applies only when there is some doubt whether the prospective heir is really a son, or a wife, etc., the answer being found in his, or her, religious law. Since it had not been proved that, according to Jewish law, a refractory wife is not regarded as a wife at all, therefore she must be considered to be a wife for the purposes of the Succession Order and is therefore entitled to her share (in this case one-half) of her husband's estate.

In conclusion, the President referred to the respondents' claim that the appellant had been divorced by her husband before his death. He pointed out that it was not clear whether the Rabbinical Court had dealt with this question; the fact that it had ordered the appellant to be given *halitza* did not preclude the possibility that she had been divorced, since *halitza* could be given when there was some doubt of the validity of the divorce. He therefore held that the case should be returned to the District Court to elucidate this point. If the District Court should find that there had been no divorce, the appellant was entitled to her share of the inheritance.

Justice Silberg, concurring, added that even if he had thought that the appellant's rights to inheritance should be decided according to Jewish law, he would not have denied her those rights merely because she was a refractory wife. Since no wife whatsoever inherited under Jewish law, therefore there could not possibly be a law which denied a wife her right to inherit because of refractoriness. It was no use attempting to deduce such a law by analogy with the law regarding a refractory husband *(mored)*, since it had not yet been decided by the interpreters of Jewish Law that a refractory husband cannot inherit his wife's estate, a fact which Justice Silberg proved by several quotations from the writings of Talmudical authorities.

The appeal was allowed and the case ordered to be returned to the District Court.

Judgment given on June 12, 1955.

Religious Services

St. Paul's Church (Musrara Qr.): E.S., 7 p.m. H.C., as announced. Preacher: Canon H.R.A. Jones (Tel. 3713).

St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial) M.S. 10 a.m. Vesper service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6.30 p.m.

Combined Evangelical Services (Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall): 7.30 p.m. All Welcome.

Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel Languages: German, Italian, English, French. 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel, Languages: English, French, German, Italian; St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne), Languages: French, Arabic, English, German, Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese; 8 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel), Languages: French, Polish, English, Italian, German; 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion. 10 a.m. Terra Sancta College.

Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.): M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.

American Gospel Church (Prophets St. near Bikur Holim): Morning Worship, 11 a.m., Mid-week Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister M.G. Griebenow.

Y.M.C.A Christian Fellowship Vesper Service. 6.30 p.m. All welcome.

Brethren (Y.M.C.A., Room 110): Breaking of Bread, 10.30 a.m.

Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way): E.S. 7.30 p.m.

Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal), Hovevei Zion St., first house: Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Saturday 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. (Rev. J.W. Foster)

Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia). Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer, 8 p.m. Friday: E.S. 8 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study 10 a.m.

Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School; 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship; 4 p.m. Bible class.

Jehovah's Witnesses: Bible Study 7.30 p.m. 16/4 Moria St., Baka'a; Tuesday: 6.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA

Anglican Church (Episcopal) in the Church of the former German Colony (co 19 Eilat St.): H.C. 7 a.m. M.S. 10 a.m. Evening Service 7 p.m. Preacher: Rev. R.G. Allison. P.O.B.3778, Tel Aviv.

Church of Scotland (St. Peter's) Jaffa M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m.

St. Peter's Church (Catholic), Jaffa Port: 7 a.m. Weekdays 6 p.m. Languages: French, Italian, Spanish.

HAIFA

St. Luke's Church: Mountain St., near Vine St. (Anglican Protestant Episcopal): H.C., 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 6.30 (P.O.B. 1797).

Scandinavian Seamen's Church Sunday: 7.30 p.m. Rev. Per Faye Hansen; Bible Study, Tuesday, Meir St. 41, (P.O.B.1306). Evang. Luth. Ser. Scandinavian, German.

TAPE RECORDERS
CAR RADIOS
SALES & SERVICE
Radio Laboratory
PICARD & PICK
180 Dizengoff Rd., Tel Aviv.

Keren Kayemet Le'Israel
(Jewish National Fund)
The dedication of the
"Robert F. Wagner Tree Nursery"
will take place today, June 19, at 11 a.m., at Kiryat Haim, near Haifa,
in the presence of
Mr. Robert F. Wagner Mayor of New York City and Mrs. Wagner.
Entrance opposite the Kiryat Haim Police Station on the Haifa-Acre Road.
Residents and guests from the U.S.A. are cordially invited.

Miss Frances Newton Dead in London at 83

Miss Frances Emily Newton, who has died at her home in London, at the age of 83, last week, was for almost 50 years perhaps the best-known English resident in Palestine. "The Times" wrote of her as follows:

> Born in 1872, at Mickleover Manor, in Derbyshire, she was the daughter of Charles Edmund Newton, banker, agriculturist and one of the family whose most illustrious member was Isaac Newton. While still in her teens Frances Newton became greatly interested in the work of the Christian missionaries in the Holy Land, partly through her two step-sisters, who, with their father's financial support had established a hospital at Jaffa. Miss Newton went out to Palestine when she was 17. There, except for a period in England during the 1914-18 War and occasional visits afterwards, she remained until 1938.
>
> She made two homes — on Mount Carmel, and in Haifa. Through the years she gave herself devotedly to welfare work among the Arabs. Enjoying independent means, she was a generous supporter of many good causes. She also became a vigorous defender of Arab nationalism, and the friend of many of its leaders, especially the Palestinians. On her return to England, Miss Newton settled in Cadogan Square. She kept open house to visiting Arabs, and in 1948 founded a fund to relieve distress among the refugees of Palestine. To the end of her life she cherished the hope that she might one day return to Palestine; but ill-health prevented her from doing so.

Miss Newton was better known, at least in this country, "as a vigorous defender of Arab nationalism," to quote from "The Times" tribute, than as a Christian missionary or welfare worker.

A redoubtable woman of independent spirit as well as means, who thought so little of the conventions that she smoked a pipe in public, she made no secret of the fact that her defence of the Arabs involved open war on Zionism.

In this sense, she testified before the Shaw Commission in Jerusalem after the Arab riots of 1929, and was actively with the Arab rebels in 1936-39. Eventually, early in 1939, she was served, while on a visit to England, with an expulsion order which prevented her returning to Palestine. "Searchlight on Palestine" was the title of a pamphlet which decided the British Colonial Office to banish her from the scene of her seditions, and she wrote from London to this paper complaining of the fact.

Singapore Strikers Return to Work

SINGAPORE, Saturday (Reuter). —Singapore workers began drifting back to their jobs yesterday after a five-day general strike by left-wing trade unions was called off by the leaders.

The union leaders told the strikers—estimated by police as 17,000—to return to work today, but many in smaller businesses and factories went back yesterday. Singapore is expected to be normal by Monday. The moderate trade unions opposed the strike, which they said was a political one.

The Chief Minister of Singapore, Mr. David Marshall, said last night that the strike leaders knew full well that the workers intended to go back to work today in any case, and they had issued their statement to "save face."

Germany Ahead Of Reparations Schedule

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — Mr. Jacob Blaustein, President of the American Jewish Committee, said here on Thursday night that West Germany was ahead in her Reparations payments to Israel and the Jewish organizations.

Addressing the final session of the 19-nation Consultative Conference of Jewish Organizations, Mr. Blaustein stated that so far Israel had received $170m. in German goods and funds — the largest single item in Israel's foreign exchange income.

The conference sent a cable to the U.N. congratulating it on its 10th anniversary and calling for the implementation of the U.N. Declaration of Human Rights.

The conference also urged the establishment of a far-reaching programme to bolster Jewish religious, cultural and educational activities in Western Europe.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

482, 340 48.9 & 32.5 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 6.15 8.30 and 11 p.m. Arabic programme (including News): 8 a.m., 2.15 & 6.30 p.m. 11.30 a.m. Turkish News.

6.00 a.m. Morning Programme (Haifa only). 6.30 Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.10 Melodies (R). 9.00. Close Down.

12.00 N. "Music at Noon" (R). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.20 Messages to Immigrants. 1.45 People's Songs (R). 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Music for Sunday (R). 4.40 Intermezzo (R). 5.00 Talmud Lesson. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Folklore. 7.05 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Tova Miller: Piano Concerto in D. minor (Haydn). 7.30 Talk. 7.40 What's New in Science. 7.55 Wells of Work. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 Concert. 9.30 Sea Programme. 10.00 Hebrew Songs: Shoshana Damari. 10.30 "Ron Bah." 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

407, 460, 225, 216, 48.9 & 30.5 M.

English News: 1.45, 10 p.m.
French News: 2.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Hebrew Lessons for Ulpanim. 8.45 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 p.m. News. 6.37 Personal Column. 6.45 Newsreel. 7.00 Yiddish Programme. 7.15 Close Down.

12.00 p.m. News. 12.07 Personal Column. 12.15 Newsreel. 12.30 "Bronislaw Huberman." 12.45 Talmud Lesson.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.8, 216, 225 & 329 M.). 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs (R). 7.00 Sports. 7.15 Intermezzo. 7.30 Programme for Students. 7.45 Classical Requests. 8.30 News. 8.45 Variety Programme. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79, 19.42, 16.86, 25.15 M.): 6.30-7.00 p.m. News. News Talk, Contact Programme. International Commentary.

Children's Pension
NAHARIYA
for children aged 2 — 6.
FULL BOARD
First class references.
Elisheva Kalder
17 Shikun Histadrut,
Tel. 77, Nahariya.

Dear Madam,
"Rehavia" Hairdressing Salon
16 Rehov Keren Kayemet, Tel. 2656, Jerusalem.
offers you the excellent service of
RONI — formerly hairdresser of "Two Sisters"
AHUVA — formerly hairdresser of "Broadway"
SHOSHANA — formerly manicurist of "Kremmer"
WEISS — BORIS

NACHATT— The Aero Club, Tel Aviv branch
invites all her members and friends to a
Garden Party Fashion Show and Raffle
under the patronage of the Mayor of Tel Aviv, Mr. Haim Levanon, at the Ramat Aviv Hotel, on June 20, 1955, at 5 p.m. Participating salons: Noe Alembik, Lemberger, Dalia, Bijou, For You, Annette and Beny.

A Lovely Spot For Rest & Recreation
Recreation Home
Michael Goren
Rishon L'Zion
under the management of the dietician at the Bernstein Villa
Tel. 228
★ Pine wood ★ Beautiful garden ★ Swimming pool ★
★ Vegetarian and raw foods diets ★
Visit us once — and you'll come again and again.

WANTED BY TOURIST OFFICE FOR TRIPS & TOURS IN THE COUNTRY
Drivers—Guides
and OFFICE WORKERS
For particulars write to:
E.K., P.O.B. 1491, Tel Aviv

Where to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem, Tel. 4130. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel. Dinner will be served on the terrace.

★ **Exhibitions:**—

"Conquest of the Desert" permanent exhibition of the former Israel pavilion of the International "Conquest of the Desert" Exhibition. 10-1, 4-6.

Department of Antiquities special exhibition: Excavations of a Canaanite Temple on the seashore of Nahariya (XVIIIth-XVth centuries B.C.E.), 35 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Open 9-1, 4-6.

"Miserere" by Georges Rouault. In the Hermann Struck Hall: American Contemporary Paintings. Exhibit of the Month: Vase Ceramic Gold Lustre, Kashan School (Persia) 13th century (New acquisition of the Museum), Bezalel Museum. 9-1, 3-6.

Paintings by Pinhas Abramovitz, and Jerusalem artists. 10-1, 4-7, Artists House.

Paintings by Jacques Heller and Sculptures by Jacob Loew, "Nora Studio" Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Avenue. 10-1, 3-6.

★ **Tours:**— Hebrew University conducted tour. New Administration Building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ **Lecture:**— Dr. A. Mor, Director of the Department for Hebrew Education, Capetown, on "Jewish Culture in the Diaspora," Beeri Club, 9 Rehov Alharizi. 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

★ **Exhibitions:**— 1) Aaron Priver — Sculptures. 2) Lauda Padoa (Venice, Italy) — Paintings. 3) Rubin (Retrospective Show). Museum. 10-1, 4-7.

Paintings by P.K. Hoenich — Chemerinsky Art Gallery, 36 Rehov Gordon, 10-1, 4-8 (closing tomorrow).

★ **Concert:**— Subscription Concert No. 7 Brahms: Symphony No. 3 Long-Play-Records with explanations by Menashe Ravina, Z.O.A. House, 8.30 p.m.

★ **Theatre:**— Cameri Theatre, "Pantomime" (Programme No. 2) Mograbi Hall, 8.30 p.m.

Cameri Theatre, "As You Like It," New Cameri Hall, 8.30 p.m. Dzigan & Shumacher—Ohel Shem —8.45 p.m.

Ohel, "They Knew What They Wanted."

Habimah, "The Tea House of the August Moon," Habimah, 8.30 p.m.

HERZLIYA

★ **Entertainment:**— Topaz Bar. Nightly Dance Music. Exquisite Cuisine. Tel. 25118.

BEIT SHAAN

★ **Theatre:**— Habimah, "The Caine Mutiny." 8.30 p.m.

PARDESS HANNA

★ **Theatre:**— Do-Re-Mi, "Ball in Savoy," well-known operetta.

GIVATAYIM

★ **Theatre:**— Dina Halpern in "Frol Kegn Frol," Noga, 8.30 p.m.

TILLA POPPER
Convalescent Home
vegetarian & raw foods diets and convalescence
Just Opened
★
Herzlia B—Pituah
"Maoz" House (near Loewy Pension) Kvish Natanya.

Exchange Mart
New Classified Section
You may have What Someone Else wants— Get together Through our
EXCHANGE MART
for best Exchange Bargains
★
This column will appear regularly on Fridays.
First 3 months, 2 insertions for the price of one
Regular Classified Rates

SAS Asks Saudia For Dhahran Landing Rights

OSLO, Saturday (UP). — The Scandinavian Airlines System has asked Saudi Arabia for permission to carry its regular Baghdad route to the oil centre at Dhahran on the Persian Gulf, an SAS official said here yesterday.

He said he had been in contact "with Saudi Arabian princes" during a recent trip to the Middle East, who had shown great understanding, and he had no doubt that the concession would be granted. The trouble, however was that the King of Saudi Arabia and his court were continually on the move throughout the country.

Flats on Mt. Carmel
to let & for sale
PLOTS ★ VILLAS
Leon Goldenberg
c/o Cafe Haas, Mt. Carmel,
Tel. 81210, Hrs.: 9-11 a.m.
4-6 p.m.

Studebaker
private, 1949 model, for sale. Perfect condition (only 47,000 kms.). Apply: No. 2888 P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

CARMEL COTTAGES
for sale
4 and 6 rooms, centrally located, sea view, luxury finish.
COTTAGE, 3 rooms, central heating, centrally located.
"TETRACO"
10 Rehov Habankim, Haifa.
11.30 a.m.—1.30 p.m. Tel. 66420
Afternoons: Tel. 81242.

Notices to the Public

Notice to Electricians

I wish to call the attention of all those engaged in carrying out electric works to the 1954 Electric Regulation under which they are required to obtain a proper licence.

Professionals, who are engaged in electric works and who have as yet not submitted applications for licences, are asked not to hesitate in submitting their applications to the Director of the Electricity Department, Ministry of Development, David Building, Jerusalem.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Geula, 14 Geula, 4880. Zion, 50 Ussishkin, 2001. **TEL AVIV:** Geula 10 Allenby, 62273. [illegible], 54 King George, 23963. Pillersdorf, 27 Nahlat Binyamin, 4093. [illegible], 89 Ben Yehuda, 23461. Siva, Hatikva Qtr., 6768. **JAFFA:** Givat Aliya, 37 Rehov 4. **RAMAT GAN:** Orion, 19 Arlosoroff. Levin, 38 Hanegbah. **HOLON:** Ribek, Kikar Struma. **HAIFA:** Balfour, 1 Massada, 2989. Anglo-American, 39 Ha'atzmaut, 3505. **KIRYAT MOTZKIN:** Pentagon. **SAFAD:** Feldmann. **NAHARIYA:** Nahariya.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. K. Braun, 10 Alharizi, 2265. Dr. S. Greenwald, 8/30 Greek Colony, 62963. **TEL AVIV:** Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin 25842. Dr. N.L. Bacher, 54 Sokolow, 26333. Dr. Weinberg, 4 Rehov 65. **HAIFA:** Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 2424. Dr. Ludwig, 34 Shivat Zion, 67417.

Luxury Villa
6 rooms, 2 dunams, garden, garage in Beth Hakerem, Jerusalem, offered in exchange for Ramat Gan villa. Phone: 3145, Tel Aviv.

LOST
in Tel Aviv, Israeli passport No. 35149, in the name of SARA SCHNAPP nee Lopaikyte, issued in Jerusalem, August 5, 1952, and IL 43 cash. Finder please return passport to E. Schnapp & Co. Works Ltd., Natanya, new Industrial Centre or nearest Police Station and keep cash as reward.

Classified Advertisements
Published on Sundays, Wednesdays, Fridays
Accepted at all JERUSALEM POST advertising offices
JERUSALEM: 9 Rehov Hahavatzelet
TEL AVIV: 52 Nahlat Binyamin
15 Rehov Frishman (Barth Sweet Shop)
HAIFA: 1 Khayat Street; Hadar Bookshop, Rehov Herzl; Sifri's Bookshop, Central Carmel; Dr. Fiegel's Bookshop, 36 Rehov Keren Kayemet, Kiryat Bialik
RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar
NATANYA: A. Pompan's Bookstore, 6 Reh. Herzl.
Advertisements also accepted through all recognized agencies

Where to Stay
JERUSALEM
Pension Grete Ascher, 20 Rehov Ibn Ezra, Rehavia. Tel. 3353. Special diet upon request.
Palatin Hotel — First-class Kasher Centrally situated. Home-like atmosphere. Tel. 2768.
TEL AVIV
Gad Hotel — 107 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. —— Small exclusive sea-shore Hotel. For summer rest and recreation.
NATANYA
WEEKEND rest — Pension Donath, Dizengoff Rd., Natanya. Shady garden — kasher — Hungarian cuisine.
FURNISHED ROOMS near seashore Mrs. H. Shimborsky, 2 Rehov Ussishkin.
SAFAD
Herzlia Hotel — Tel. 7 Permanent art gallery, beautiful garden. Rooms with private baths. Excellent cuisine, strictly kasher.

Dwellings—Premises
NEAR the seashore, wanted 1-2 rooms and conveniences for first fortnight of July. Exchange with Jerusalem villa with garden and modern conveniences, also possible. Foa, German Colony 3/9, Tel. 2392, Jerusalem.
FOR summer guests, to let 2 furnished rooms in Bait V'gan, July-September. Gas, refrigerator, boiler, terrace, garden. Phone: 2622, Jerusalem.
WANTED to rent 3-room flat in Jerusalem, preferably Rehavia or vicinity. Write: No.1898, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.
OPPORTUNITY — for sale or to let house near Tel Aviv with or without auxiliary farm. Apply: "House," Dror Advertising, 119 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.
MODERN spacious 5-6 room front flat, first floor, centrally located, to let. Write: No. 25526, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
LEAVING HAIFA for one year? Two or three young ladies will take care of your apartment and pets. No agents. Write: No. 26099, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.
VILLA, wanted to buy by American, 4 rooms, easily accessible to Tel Aviv. Write: No. 23111, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

Musical Instruments
WANTED upright piano. Write: P.O.B. 28, Jerusalem.

Paying Guests
ROOM and care of convalescent in comfortable Rehavia home. Special diet on request. Write: No. 21071, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.
KATAMON: A few children aged 3-6 from 8 a.m. to noon or from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., starting July 17, in beautiful villa. Apply before July 1, Milena Foa, German Colony 3/9, Tel. 2392, Jerusalem.

Purchase—Sale
WASHING machine wanted to buy from private hand: Apply: P.O.B. 2880, Tel Aviv.

"Sunbeam" Electric Shaver for sale. Write: No. 28101, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

Services
DAKA Service Ltd. Your Travel Office and Customs agent, 6 Rehov Khayat, Tel. 4761, Haifa.

Situations Vacant
ENGLISH-HEBREW Typist required. Apply: The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, 1 Ben Yehuda Rd. Tel Aviv.

Situations Wanted
YOUNG lady with fluent Hebrew and English, good knowledge of French, experience in correspondence, translation, typing, seeks responsible post in Jerusalem. Write: No.100, P.O.B. 91, Jerusalem.
DRAUGHTSMAN, Graphic artist, experienced in lettering and design, seeks suitable position. Accepts part-time jobs and homework. Write: No.21988, P.O.B.81, or phone 61097, Jerusalem.
EDUCATED young lady, excellent English stenographer and good knowledge of Hebrew, French, is interested in homework. Own typewriters. Write: Tel-Ariely, No.207, P.O.B. 265, Tel Aviv.
HEBREW-ENGLISH secretary-typist seeks position with serious firm, preferred 8-1 or 2. Write: CL 25551, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
QUALIFIED agronomist seeks work. G. Loven, Shikun Amami Gimmel 20/3 Hashalom Rd., Tel Aviv.
EXCELLENT typist French, English, Hebrew, seeks position. Home work accepted. No. 25541, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
HOUSEMAIDS, clerks, etc. found best through Elderly Association Employment Agency, 59 Rehov Hovevei Zion, Tel. 22216, Tel Aviv.
BABY nurse takes care of your baby, hourly basis. 26 Rehov Mikveh Israel, 2nd floor, Tel Aviv.
EXPERT TRANSLATOR, English-Hebrew, Hebrew-English; German-Hebrew, German-English, seeks position. First-class references. Write: No. 25544, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
ADMINISTRATIVE assistant, English-Hebrew-German correspondent, translations, filing, best references, seeks position. Write: No. 25543, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
MAN in fifties, academic education, long banking and business experience seeks job in Haifa or vicinity as bookkeeper or other office employment. Excellent references. Write: No. 25504, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

Vehicles
FOR SALE 1946 Hudson sedan with radio, heater, one owner. Also International Harvest refrigerator. No dealers. Levine, 14 Rehov Hamigdal, Givat Ramban.

Miscellaneous
GYMNASTICS: It will cost you surprisingly little to reduce your weight and keep your body in perfect shape, if you consult Bettina Berkson, 218 Ben Yehuda Rd., Tel Aviv. Inquiry: 5—7 p.m.

Fly LAI
DC-6B
ITALIAN AIRLINES
SUNDAY & WEDNESDAY
To Europe, U.S.A.
Central & South America
contact your Travel Agent or
Phone: Tel Aviv: 67281; Haifa: 81080

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	26	14	30	32
Tiberias	29	20	—	35
Haifa Port	60	21	27	29
Natanya	56	19	30	30
Tel Aviv Kirya	—	—	—	30
Tel Aviv Port	69	21	26	27
Lydda Airport	51	16	29	31
Jerusalem	46	15	27	29
Beersheba	36	16	30	31
Eilat	18	23	37	39

*A) Humidity at 8 a.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today.

• • •

THE JUDGMENT in the Greenwald libel case to be given on Wednesday in Jerusalem is to contain 300 pages, Dr. Benjamin Halevi, President of the District Court, will probably read only an abbreviated version.

• • •

FOR INSULTING a soldier, Emanuel Gottesman, of Beersheba, was fined IL30 in the Beersheba Magistrate's Court on Friday. The incident occurred in a bank queue the previous day.

• • •

THE MINISTRY of Transport has allocated IL1m. from its Import Budget for the purchase of 150 new buses. Negotiations are in progress with several factories abroad following the recent price rise in buses on the international market.

• • •

PERSONS who witnessed an accident involving a truck and a bicycle at 8 a.m. on March 1 at the corner of Rothschild and Jabotinsky Streets in Rishon le-Zion are requested to contact the nearest police station. The cyclist died of injuries sustained in the accident.

• • •

ABOUT a quarter of a million pounds worth of damage was caused by the fire in the timber yards of the Rakevet Quarter of Tel Aviv on Thursday night.

Army Court May Judge Under Defence Rules

Every Army tribunal is authorized to judge a person under the Defence Regulations (Emergency), the Supreme Court sitting as a High Court of Justice in Jerusalem ruled on Friday.

The High Court had rejected an application by Mr. Moshe Hershtik, who lives near Beersheba, who asked the Court to call upon the military authorities to refrain from making him stand trial for possessing an unlicensed rifle and ammunition.

Mr. H. Livneh, who appeared for Mr. Hershtik, claimed that the tribunal could not judge him as he was not a soldier nor did he live in an area under military control. He further pointed out that his client resided in an outlying district where the possession of arms was imperative.

The Court was composed of Justice Cheshin (Deputy President) and Justices Berinson and Witkon.

Hauled from Well By Fire Brigade

Mr. Gideon Ne'eman is well and in "one piece" today thanks to the Jerusalem Fire Brigade which hauled him out of a 25-metre-deep well on Friday.

Mr. Ne'aman, 20, a soldier, was hiking with another soldier in the Judean Hills on Friday. At two o'clock, they reached the "Cave of the Twins." At the furthermost point, Ne'aman slipped and fell into the well. His companion ran to Zanoah, a nearby settlement, to call for help from the Hartuv police station.

The police, however, were unable to haul Ne'aman out, and called on the Fire Brigade. It arrived at five o'clock, and after two hours of strenuous efforts, managed to pull the soldier out, none the worse for his experience.

ONE-DAY TURKISH TOURISTS

HAIFA, Saturday. — The Turkish tourist liner, s.s. Tarsus, called here yesterday with 400 passengers, including four members of the Turkish parliament, and seven journalists from Izmir. They were met by representatives of the Turkish Legation, the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the Government Tourist Centre. The tourists went sightseeing. In the evening, the ship left for Cyprus to continue her Mediterranean cruise.

PRINTED MATTER MUST BE IN ENVELOPES

The temporary ruling of the postal authorities in 1950, permitting the posting of printed matter, circulars and invitations without envelopes, will expire in the autumn, and all such material will then have to be mailed in suitable envelopes, the postal authorities announced in Jerusalem on Friday. Permission had originally been granted owing to the shortage of paper at that time.

DEAD OF INJURIES

HAIFA, Saturday. — Shmuel Mahlab, 25, of Jaffa died in Rambam Hospital here this morning of injuries he received when he drove his motorcycle into a ditch near Zichron Ya'acov yesterday.

AIRLINE. — The Yugoslav air transport enterprise YAT on Friday opened a new regular airline between Yugoslavia and Britain.

TSO Blames Marauders, Maneuvers

Maj.-Gen. E.L.M. Burns, United Nations T.S.O. Chief, told the United Press in an exclusive interview in Jerusalem yesterday that "the large concentration of refugees in the Gaza Strip close to the line of demarcation makes for tension."

Answering 13 out of 25 questions, General Burns said that the U.N. "generally deplores broadcasts or newspaper articles on either side which would incite to violence or any solution by force."

Some of the questions and answers follow:

Q. *If the U.N. were empowered by the Security Council to impose a solution for border peace, what would you suggest be done — by force, if necessary?*

A. I do not think border peace could be established by force. If both parties would agree to various proposals put forward — and endorsed by the Security Council — in particular the putting into effect of a local commanders' agreement, peaceful conditions could be established in the Gaza area.

Q. *What is the most frequent cause of border friction?*

A. On the one hand, the marauding from Arab territories, and on the other, the manoeuvers by Israel forces right up to the lines of demarcation.

Q. *What paragraphs of the General Armistice Agreement are being constantly violated?*

A. Those dealing with armed forces crossing and firing across lines of demarcation, and the paragraph obliging both parties to prevent civilians from crossing the lines. The number of violations of each of these varies a great deal as between the different countries.

Q. *Does there appear to be any seasonal fluctuation in the number and type of border incidents? If so, why and how?*

A. There sometimes is an increase in incidents connected with the cultivation of disputed terrain near the lines of demarcation at ploughing or reaping times. This could be overcome by accurate marking of the lines and good police cooperation on both sides.

Consistent Cooperation

Q. *On what points do both the Arab states and Israel consistently cooperate?*

A. Generally speaking, the Arab states and Israel cooperate in using the machinery of the Mixed Armistice Commissions provided for in the General Armistice Agreement, but this has not invariably been so.

Q. Is anything being done by the Arab states to prevent the Palestine Arab refugees from keeping the borders in a state of perpetual tension?

A. The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan has taken effective steps to reduce the infiltration, and the Government of Egypt imposes penalties on civilians who cross the line of demarcation.

Q. Is it necessary for the maintenance of peace that Arab leaders be adjusted to the fact that Israel eventually will have to be accepted as a part of the geopolitical constellation of the Middle East?

A. I am not aware that the Arab leaders refuse to contemplate this eventuality.

Q. It has been suggested in some quarters that Israel wants the Gaza Strip. Do you share this impression? Also, has Egypt indicated what the eventual position of the Gaza Strip will be?

A. The best answers to these questions might be found in reading the published interviews with the Israel and Egyptian Prime Ministers.

Nat'l Service Camps 'Full Success'

The National Service camps for junior students in the secondary schools have achieved their purpose, and it is hoped to make the project compulsory for all junior students next year, Dr. M. Avidor, Director-General of the Ministry of Education and Culture, told *The Jerusalem Post* on Thursday after a visit to several of the camps in the Negev.

He was accompanied by his deputy, Mr. J. Benor, and Mr. Z. Feldmann, who is responsible for the programme on behalf of the Ministry.

The three-week National Service programme, initiated on June 9, sent four hundred 16 and 17-year-old students to eight border villages. The programme, which was organized by the Ministry and Gadna headquarters, has as its aim the aiding of the settlers in their work and the provision of a full Gadna education for the students.

TESTS INVALIDATED

An attempt to dodge examination regulations has led to the invalidation of secondary school matriculation tests taken at the end of the last school semester by a number of extra-mural students, the Ministry of Education and Culture announced on Friday.

It is learned that one of the students involved had sent another student to sit in for him.

Credit has also been cancelled for those subjects in which these students had already passed examinations. They will be permitted to take matriculation tests two years from now.

BURNS

(Continued from P. 1)

possibility of close contact that the telephonic communication would provide. Such contact was working satisfactorily on the Jordan frontier, the spokesman added.

Meanwhile, it was announced by a spokesman of the War Ministry in Cairo yesterday that Egypt had refused to take part in high level talks with Israel.

The Director of the Palestine Affairs Department of the Egyptian War Ministry, Colonel Salah Gohar, declared that the MAC was "adequate to handle the matter." He said, "We want results not personalities."

Colonel Gohar conceded, however, that, while rejecting the idea of talks at a higher level, Egypt had no objection to attending a meeting of Israel and Egyptian officers as proposed by General Burns.

Colonel Gohar said that Egypt wished to cooperate with General Burns in carrying out his plan to alleviate tension, and was most anxious to obtain results.

General Burns last November had put forward a four-point plan suggesting joint Israel-Egypt patrols, physical obstacles on the border, the manning of forward areas by regular troops only and an agreement between Israel and Egypt local commanders to cooperate in maintaining peace.

Observers close to U.N. circles felt in Jerusalem yesterday that there was sufficient cogency in the Israel points to constitute a practical agenda for the meeting between the two parties. The questions on which General Burns was working were, who would come to such a meeting, where it should take place, and when. A U.N. spokesman also said that whoever came to the meeting at whatever level it would be held, would obviously have to be empowered to come to some agreement.

In Cairo yesterday, it was stated that Colonel Gohar would represent Egypt at such talks, which would be held under General Burns' chairmanship.

Experts Discuss Water Problems

By Our Economic Editor

HADERA, Saturday. — Urgent irrigation problems and the necessity of preventing the waste of water were discussed at the symposium of water engineers and irrigation experts at the agriculture seminar at Kfar Monash today. Among those taking part were Mr. P. Naphtali, the Minister of Agriculture, and Professor W. C. Lowdermilk.

Mr. S. Blass, head of Water Planning for Israel (Tahal), pointed out that water prices must be based on economic considerations, and he strongly emphasised the need for preventing waste of the scanty water resources of this country. Farmers do not realise that in many cases they are both wasting water and incurring higher costs without increasing the crops of their over-irrigated plots, he said.

Other participants in the discussion suggested the introduction of specific water rations for the different kinds of soils and cultures.

Seeing World By Motorcycle

Two young women who are touring the world on a motorcycle crossed into Israel at Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem on Friday to find that they were "stranded" here.

The women, Miss Virginia Grant, of Philadelphia, and Miss Nikki Benturnis, of the Bahama Islands in the Caribbean, found upon their arrival that all ship and air lines are booked up for weeks in advance and that they would have to delay their departure for Europe.

They have already toured North Africa and the Middle East, generally driving at night to avoid the heat of the day.

They are unarmed, and their only protection, they said, is the fact that they were "helpless." Their sole baggage is one small suitcase.

Miss Grant is a former pilot in the U.S. Air Force, and Miss Benturnis is a journalist who plans to write several articles on the trip. Both wear pilot caps to protect them from the dusty roads. *(Itim)*

Reporter of Talk on Arlosoroff Murder Broke Faith

That the report in "Haboker" last week of Mr. Yehuda Arazi's talk on the Arlosoroff murder in 1933 was published in the face of an express and repeated caution to the reporter, Mr. G. Hal, that he had not been invited as a newspaperman, and that no part of the lecture was for publication, is stated in a communication to the Press from the B'nai B'rith Lodge.

"Mr. Hal broke his promise, and in our opinion infringed on elementary newspaper ethics," the statement goes on, "and in publishing a summary of Mr. Arazi's lecture, he also offended against accuracy both of the facts which the lecturer gave, and the description of the atmosphere obtaining at the time."

Mr. Arazi's object in reopening the chapter had been, according to the statement, to show that before the murder Dr. Arlosoroff had been the victim of a vilification campaign, in which he had been accused of serving as a cat's-paw of the Mandatory Government; and after the murder, this slanderous campaign had continued to serve as ground for "fantastic suspicions and accusations."

In his lecture, Mr. Arazi maintained that the country at the time had been divided into two camps (those who believed Arlosoroff had met his death at the hands of Jews, and those who did not) and both sides had become "martyrs to their fervid imagination."

Mr. Arazi went on to accuse both the public and the police for dismissing the possibility that the murder had not been a political one; and as a result, there had been grave juridical faults, so that innocent men were found guilty and the guilty not charged.

The B'nai B'rith statement is signed by Mr. Baruch Weinstein, president of the Lodge, himself a former Revisionist leader, and Dr. A. Eilan, secretary.

DRILLING AT GAN YAVNE

REHOVOT, Saturday. — After the first two days of renewed drilling at nearby Gan Yavne, the borehole was cleared to 180 metres. Nine-and-a-half inch pipes were lowered after the obstruction which had blocked the hole from a depth of 80 metres had been removed.

HAVA BONNE DR. JACK GEWIRTZ
MARRIED
Chicago, June 19, 1955.

PROF. AND MRS. BONNE
will be glad to see their friends on Friday, June 24, between 5-7 p.m., at their home, 49 Rehov Ramban, Jerusalem.
This is the only invitation.

MD's Make Bid For Negotiations

A 20 per cent advance on account of salaries of State-employed doctors has been put forward as a basis of negotiations and for calling off the "no-overtime" strike, the Israel Medical Association has announced.

The doctors, who began their "no-overtime" strike last Wednesday, are extending the strike today to encompass several other departments. This step was not taken last week to prevent severe dislocations, it was said.

In a letter to Prime Minister Moshe Sharett, the Association has appealed for the reopening of discussions on higher salaries retroactive to April 1.

It was pointed out that the Prime Minister, as well as other Ministers, had promised on many occasions last year to take steps to meet the doctors' demands.

However, the Cabinet's decision to fix the doctors' wages only after the Guri report on Civil Servants' salaries is submitted in another two months, forced the physicians to start the present "no-overtime" strike. The Cabinet's decision "broke a promise" that the salaries would be adjusted much more quickly, the letter stated.

Year's Jail For Manslaughter

NAZARETH, Saturday. — A year in prison was imposed yesterday on Hadduka Arbeli, 46, a farmer of Zippori village, by Dr. Shlomo Kassan, the Relieving President of the District Court here, for slaying Ahmed Ibrahim Kallawi, 22, of Bustan Zippori in April, 1954.

Arbeli surprised the victim's younger brother, Yasser, harvesting barley on Zippori land. He took him to Zippori in his cart to turn him over to the authorities. On the way, Arbeli met the thief's two elder brothers who tried to get Yasser back. Both sides were reinforced by men of the respective villages, and a fight broke out. Ahmed attempted to run away, but Arbeli fired his revolver at him three times and killed him.

The judge rejected the defence plea that Arbeli had fired into the air, and that one bullet had ricochetted from a tree, killing Ahmed. Dr. Kassan accepted the evidence of the prosecution witnesses who stated that the accused had fired straight at the victim.

In passing sentence, the judge said that he took into account that the Zippori villagers had paid IL2,000 blood money to Ahmed's family, and that a *Sulha* (a truce) had been arranged by the two villages. Arbeli, who was convicted for manslaughter, was given the right to appeal, but was refused bail.

Z.D.N.A. Ends Tour With Easy Win

HAIFA, Saturday. — ZDNA, the volleyball team from Bulgaria, easily beat a very weak Hapoel team from Haifa, in its last game in Israel 15/9, 15/6 and 15/0.

A selected Hapoel team defeated the Bulgarian volleyball team by three points to two at the Jaffa Hapoel ground yesterday. The visitors, who are one of the best teams in Europe, did not play up to their usual standard and, though leading by two points to zero, earlier in the game, allowed the home team to recover and overtake them.

TWO NEW RECORDS SET IN TEL AVIV

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Two new Israel records were set during the National Athletics Championships here over the weekend. Rena Weinrich, of Tel Aviv Maccabi, ran the 100 metres in 12.8 secs., and David Kushnir, of Jezreel Hapoel, broke the long-jump record with a leap of 7.04 metres.

T.A. BETAR DRAWS WITH WITH MACCABI

HAIFA, Saturday. — Excellent technical play was exhibited at a League "A" football match between Haifa Maccabi and Tel Aviv Betar, which ended in a 1-1 draw. It was refereed by Mr. Dudkovitch before 4,000 spectators. In the 22nd minute, Hardy scored for Maccabi. After five minutes in the second half Betar equalized with a goal by Kossote.

HOLD-UP. — Two policemen were wounded yesterday and a gunman was killed in an exchange of shots after a hold-up in Boston.

Fur Storage
for the summer season
Full Guarantee.
ROSEN
73 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv.
Tel. 5990.

NOTICE

According to sect. 207 of the Companies Ordinance. In the matter of: the Company "Palmers Works" Limited, Kfar Saba. Whereas the above company convened on June 22, 1955 at 6 p.m. an extraordinary General Meeting of its shareholders, in order to resolve to voluntarily liquidate the above company; Therefore and according to the provisions of the above sect. 207, the above company hereby convenes a meeting of its creditors, to be held in the office of Dr. S. Wolf, Advocate, at 27 Rothschild Blvd., Tel Aviv, on June 22, 1955, at 6 p.m., in order to decide in the matter of the above liquidation as to liquidators of the business of the company and distribution of its assets, and should they so see fit, as to appointment of a committee of inspection.

Signed: Palmers Works Ltd., Kfar Saba.

Sheikh Turns Tables On Tourist

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — Sheikh Suleiman el Husell was stopped by an American tourist in the streets of Beersheba a few days ago and was asked if he would pose for a photograph.

After the snap was taken, the woman took a IL1 note from her handbag and offered it to her model.

Sheikh Suleiman peeled off several IL5 notes from a wad which he took from his pocket, thrust them into the photographer's hand, climbed into his Chrysler and drove off.

Yeshaya Calls J'lem C'ttee 'Success'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Despite the temporary nature of the Jerusalem Commission, now functioning in place of the dispersed Municipal Council, it has succeeded in presenting a balanced budget and in clearing up the difficult atmosphere, Mr. S. B. Yeshaya, chairman of the Commission stated at the weekly luncheon of the Commercial and Industrial Club here yesterday.

The budget, though small compared with Tel Aviv's IL27m. and Haifa's IL18m., was high for the resources of the city's population, he said. Taxes for April-May this year yielded IL150,000 more than in the corresponding months last year, mainly because of increased efficiency of collection. He added that the Commission has greatly improved the relations between the management of the Municipality and Department heads.

New Rates System

A new system of rates, according to size of accommodation plus amount of water used, is now being considered. Much of the city's land is at the disposal of the Development Authority, who have fixed land prices higher than in any other region in the country.

"I hope that the coming election will yield a Municipal Council that will serve the city better than the last," Mr. Yeshaya said. He called for the implementation of the Cheshin report and for Government assistance in the form of a consolidated loan of half to three-quarters of a million pounds, as well as a grant-in-aid.

NATOREI KARTA THROW STONES AT TRAFFIC

Fifteen persons led by Rabbi Amram Blau, a leader of the Natorei Karta, threw stones in a demonstration against Sabbath traffic yesterday morning in Jerusalem. The incident took place near Beit Hadegel, and was aimed at trucks carrying bathers to the coast. No one was injured, nor were any arrests made.

TA Maccabi Beats Petah Tikva Hapoel

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Tel Aviv Maccabi beat Petah Tikva Hapoel, 2-1, before 10,000 spectators at the Hapoel grounds in Jaffa today in one of the best games of the season.

Technically Maccabi were much the better team, although Hapoel started well, taking the lead in the 17th minute when right-half Steimach drove one home. Maccabi equalized 15 minutes later when Israeli netted. Centre-forward Glazer scored Maccabi's second goal in the 43rd minute, only two minutes after Tureka had missed a penalty.

Other Week-End Results

SOCCER: LEAGUE A: Tel Aviv Hap. 1, Jerusalem Betar 1; Natanya Mac. 1, Hadera Hap. 0; Ramat Gan Hap. 3, Balfouria Hap. 1; Haifa Hap. 2, Kfar Saba Hap. 1; Rehovot Mac. 2, Petah Tikva Mac. 0. LEAGUE B: Jerusalem Hap. 2, Tel Aviv Bnei Yehuda 1; Jaffa Mac. 2, Ramat Gan Mac. 1; Rehovot Hap. 2, Tel Aviv Hakoah 1; Jaffa Betar 1, Sha'arayim Mac. 0; Rishon Le Zion Hap. 3, Jerusalem Mac. 1; Hadera Mac. 3, Natanya Hap. 1; Athlit Sports Club 2, Zichron Ya'acov Mac. 0; Ra'anana Hap 5, Haifa Hakoah 0. Christian Brotherhood 1, Nahariya Hap. 0; YOUTH LEAGUE: Haifa Yehuda Hap. 0, Haifa Mac. 0. BASKETBALL LEAGUE: Holon Hap. 70, Brit Mac. Atid 37.

Election Rallies Poorly Attended

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Slack attendance marked most of the pre-election meetings called here last night and this morning. The public according to observers is both heat-weary, and does not expect that speakers will say much more than they did in the Histadrut election campaign.

Dr. Dov Joseph told a Mapai election meeting in Jaffa today that the completion of the Negev railway was being held up by the General Zionists who had no faith in the development of that area of the country.

At the Mograbi Cinema here, Finance Minister Levi Eshkol told his audience that Mapai had been the only party which had dared to decide on the Reparations Agreement, although all the parties were now ready to benefit from the results of the negotiations.

An attack on the sectional lists which aimed at "turning Sephardim into a minority" was made by the Minister of Police Mr. Behor Shitreet speaking at the Eden Cinema here last night.

Mapam's Mr. Mordechai Bentov M.K., speaking at an election meeting in the Migdal Cinema in Holon last night, bitterly attacked Mapai for wasting the country's resources.

Agreement with the Mapam point of view about the country's economic position was expressed by Mr. Y. Bar-Yehuda, M.K. of Ahdut Ha'avoda, to an election gathering at the Zill Cinema in Jaffa last night, although he attacked Mapam with just as much vigour, holding them responsible for the breaking up of the Israel labour movement.

Israel should refrain from starting a war with the Arab countries, but if war is forced upon her, she should extend her borders to include all of one-time Palestine, Mr. Yigal Alon, of the Ahdut Ha'avoda Party, said in Jerusalem on Friday night before a packed hall at the Zion Cinema.

APPEALS SUBMITTED

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — More than 5,000 appeals had been filed for the Knesset elections and over 8,000 for the local council electors roll when the list of persons requesting inclusion in the electoral roll closed here yesterday.

More than 1,000 appeals to be included in the Voters' Register for the Third Knesset were made by Beersheba citizens on Friday, the last day for appeals.

ARAB 'GENERAL ZIONISTS' CHARGE MAPAI PRESSURE

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Accusations that officers of the military government in the Arab areas of Israel were exerting pressure on the minorities to vote for Mapai were made to the Press here yesterday by the leading candidates of the Central Arab list which is attached to the General Zionist Party.

Hassan Abdullah, who heads the List, said that he had been warned by "high Defence Ministry officials of the military government" at a meeting with them three weeks previously, that he would be penalized if he did not agree to support Mapai.

Elias Nahle, who is second on the List, stated that the elections were not going to be democratic "but a show of force on the part of the military government, preventing the minorities from voting as they wish."

It's Fishing Season, Keep Windows Closed

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Don't leave your windows open, even in the heat. A thief has been stealing trousers by means of a long pole with an iron hook.

He was seen early on Tuesday morning fishing through an open window in 185 Street, Jaffa. After removing the purse from the pocket of his catch, he threw the trousers away.

Two early-bird workers, who observed him shouted for him to stop, but the "fisherman" managed to get away after threatening them with a revolver. He fired four shots at his pursuers without hitting them.

That night, the police received numerous complaints of similar thefts having been committed. *(Itim)*

Local Election Picture Still Unclear

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — With a week to go before the lists of candidates for the Municipal elections are to be filed, the picture is still far from clear.

In Tel Aviv, the General Zionists decided to uphold the candidacy of Mr. Haim Levanon, the Mayor, but have made no decision as yet on the composition of the list. It is not clear, therefore, whether Mr. I. Rokach, Minister of Interior, will stand for the Municipality as well as for the Knesset. Mr. Rokach, for 20 years Tel Aviv's Mayor, is still technically a member of the Council. No intimation is available of the General Zionist candidate for Mayor of Jerusalem.

The Mapai Nomination Committee for the local councils has approved the lists for 50 out of the 80 local council elections. However, no candidate for Mayor has as yet been announced either for Jerusalem or Tel Aviv, although the names of Dr. Dov Joseph and Mrs. Golda Myerson, respectively, have been mentioned. It is to be expected that if the local Mapai committees in both towns do not agree on their lists, the party's Central Election Committee will intervene.

Swiss Expel Twenty Italian Communists

BERNE, Saturday (Reuter). — The Swiss Federal Council announced yesterday that 20 Italian citizens—all of them Communists — had been expelled from the country for illegal activities.

A communique issued by the Department of Justice and Police said that these Italians set up an organization known as the "Federazione di Lingua Italiana del Partito Svizzero di Lavoro" —Italian-Language Federation of the Swiss Workers (Communist).

Horses Prance at Dolphin House

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Saturday. — A riding club was opened at the Dolphin House in Shavei Zion this afternoon with a speech on horseback by Mr. Norman Lourie, the hotel owner. The club has five horses, and the hotel invested IL5,000 in its establishment. House guests will be able to ride or get riding lessons at the club, which is also open to outsiders for a IL120 annual membership fee.

Jewish and Arab cowboys gave a riding display, saddling the Dolphin horses as well as Arab thoroughbreds from the Government experimental farm at Acre. The club will cater for Israelis and tourists to whom the Dolphin now offers "trail riding" to the "Galilee Bible land."

The club has already found a riding master from Germany, a groom from Tunisia and a saddle maker from Czechoslovakia.

Stop Perspiration odour Before it Starts!
through daily use of
SHOFMAN's DEODORANT SOAP & BODY-POWDER
containing the new amazing ingredient HEXACHLOROPHENE which removes offensive body odour.
Made by "ADIF" Ltd.

MIGDAL
Insurance Co. Ltd.
Notice is hereby given that an
Extraordinary General Meeting
of the members of the Migdal Insurance Company Limited will be held at the Company's Offices, 13A Rehov Ahad Ha'am, Tel Aviv, on Tuesday, July 19, 1955 at 11 a.m. with the following agenda:
Increase of the Company's Share Capital
By order of the Board
Dr. A. EYLON
Secretary.

Cables in Brief

POLIO.—Britain is to postpone tests among the public of the Salk anti-polio vaccine until the increased safety measures to be adopted in the U.S. have been applied in Britain.

OPIUM.—A report by a Singapore commission inquiring into the integrity of the public service, on Friday recommended that licensed opium smoking be reintroduced into Malaya, and suggested a scheme by which all known smokers of opium would be registered and allowed to buy a ration of good quality opium.

DEAD.—John Golden, the producer and playwright, died at his home in New York on Friday, aged 80. After his lyrics for one song, "Poor Butterfly," had sold two million copies, he became wealthy enough to back Broadway shows.

LIBYA. — Cheering crowds turned out in towns and villages along the 150-mile route between Misurata and Tripoli on Thursday, when 65-year-old King Idris returned from Egypt with his second wife.

STRIKE. — Strikers and shortages of parts have closed 25 plants of General Motors across the U.S., making more than 72,000 workers idle. The strikers are dissatisfied with local terms not covered in the guaranteed wage contract signed this week.

MUNICH. — Munich University, celebrating its 483rd anniversary yesterday, awarded an honorary doctorate to Professor Louis Pasteur Vallery Rabot, a grandson of Louis Pasteur, for his research into allergies.

REFRIGERATION PLANT FOR CAPITAL

—A new refrigeration plant and warehouse is to be opened in Jerusalem within six months. The plant has an ice factory capable of producing 70 tons a day.

Aluf-Mishne Haim Herzog, Jerusalem Area Commander, visited the site on Friday and was received by Mr. Shlomo Ben-Zvi, director of the enterprise. *(Itim)*

ATTORNEY ELECTED CHIEF OF H.U. FRIENDS

NEW YORK, Saturday (UP).—Daniel Ross, noted New York attorney has been elected President of the American Friends of the Hebrew University. He succeeds Dr. George S. Wise, who had served as President for the past four years. Dr. Wise will continue as Honorary President, Chairman of the National Council, and Chairman of the Board of Governors of the University.

CURTAINS
for your window at IL.2 weekly instalments.
Big selection of first class materials. Expert advice.
RONNI DECORATIONS
P.O.B. 6059, HAIFA.

Why Worry?
KLEEN
Is At Home

JERUSALEM Y.M.C.A.
Special Summer Programme
JULY 5 TO AUGUST 28
For Boys 12 to 16 years old
Daily swimming with instruction
All kinds of sports ★ *Handicrafts* ★ *Indoor Games*
Tennis ★ *Group Activities*
ONLY LIMITED NUMBER ACCEPTED
Register in Membership Office: 9 a.m.-1 p.m. and 3-7 p.m.
Monday through Friday

s/s PACE— CANCELLATION OF SAILING
We regret to inform that the departure, scheduled for June 23, 1955, from Haifa has been cancelled for technical *"force majeure"* reasons.
for Ignazio Messina & C. Genoa.
Palestine Maritime Lloyd Ltd.
Agents

Ministry of Labour — Housing Department
Building Savings Campaign
NOTICE NO. 4
Registration of those saving for the Building Savings Campaign in the Ashkelon District will start on Sunday, June 19, 1955.
Special registration offices will be opened today in:
TEL AVIV: 1) Offices of the National Insurance, Masaryk Square.
2) Afridar Offices, 106 Rehov Hayarkon.
ASHKELON: Offices of the Afridar Company.

Export CIGARETTES

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily except on Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Limited. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder and Editor
GERSHON AGRON
Managing Editor
TED. R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management: JERUSALEM: 9 Rehov Hahavatzelet, P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4233 (4 lines). TEL AVIV Bureau: 52 Nahlat Binyamin P.O.B. 1125, Tel. 4251/2. HAIFA Bureau: 1 Rehov Khayat P.O.B. 66, Tel. 4984 (3 lines). SUBSCRIPTIONS: Inland IL.22.000 Foreign IL.24.000 per year.

Sunday, June 19, 1955
Sivan 28, 5715. — Shawal 29, 1374

THE four-point plan for the easing of tension in the area of the Gaza Strip demarcation line put forward by Israel yesterday undoubtedly provides a basis for serious and practical discussion between Israel and Egypt should a formula be found to enable such conversations to take place. Cairo has now made it clear that Egypt has categorically rejected the high-level talks which Israel still feels are essential to an improvement in the situation. In doing so she assumes a very serious responsibility and one must hope this is not her last word on the matter.

POINTS FOR PEACE

The task of General Burns will now be to ensure that any meeting which takes place will have sufficient authority to deal with the complete agenda which has now shaped itself as a result of the concrete suggestions put forward by Israel. Since they deal with the same situation to which the TSO Chief's proposals of last November referred, they cannot be too far apart. But the Israel proposals now submitted have been elaborated since in the light of bitter and practical experience along the Gaza border. This point has apparently been appreciated in UN circles here, who hold the view that General Burns indeed hoped, when his original suggestions were made, that they would be a starting point for modification and counter-suggestion designed to bring about the desired result.

In the original proposal of the UNTSO Chief of Staff there was the point that joint Israel-Egypt patrols be instituted to prevent clashes and marauding along the border. There were several grounds for Israel's hesitations on this particular proposal. One of the most telling was that, since marauding and provocative acts emanated from the Egyptian side of the border, it was not proper that the responsibility for a problem which Egypt could solve alone if she would, should be put partly on Israel's shoulders.

Our new proposals provide for a mined strip with an effective physical barrier along the whole length of the Gaza border. It also provides for a joint Israel-Egypt patrol to perform a function which is the proper responsibility of both sides, namely to ensure that such a barrier remains intact and in good order. The idea of the barrier itself is also an advance on the previous suggestion which was rather open to misinterpretation in the original UNTSO proposal. There the Egyptians took it to mean the strengthening of defences in front of their positions, while Israel understood it as being a real bar against infiltration. There can be no ambiguity in the Israel plan which provides for a real barrier and effective sharing of responsibility for its maintenance by both sides. In General Burns's plan it was joint patrols which were expected to be the medium for keeping down incidents and marauding; in the Israel plan it is the fence which will do this and the patrols which will, as it were, keep the fence.

The Israel proposal also provides a basis for a more realistic discussion of the suggestion made by Colonel Abdul Nasser for a demilitarized or neutral zone. The parties can now come to the meeting with a reasonable alternative to this suggestion as well.

In UN circles it is now believed that since Egypt has repeatedly declared its acceptance of the Burns proposals and since those of Israel are considered a natural development of such tentative suggestions, there should be some hopeful prospects of arranging a meeting and sitting down to a practical agenda. The fact that Israel has now listed the definite matters it wants discussed should also help to remove Egyptian fears that what was in the mind of this country in insisting on high-level talks was some subtle attempt to inject a diplomatic flavour into the meeting and give an indication that some wider topics would be raised. This indeed bears out Mr. Sharett's clarification to General Burns recently that Israel was ready to limit negotiations to measures designed to ease border tensions.

Parliamentary Report

KNESSET BUSY ON LAST LAP

By LEA BEN-DOR

THE Knesset has been busy tying up the ends of various pieces of minor and not-so-minor legislation. There were 38 items on the agenda prepared for last week, and there are 43 on the current week's, although a good number were successfully dealt with. Most of the bills involved are ready for the second and third reading, although there are also 11 items tabled for first reading by the Government last week, mainly amendments to existing laws that need little work and will excite only token opposition.

It was curious to hear that devoted Progressive legalist, Mr. Izhar Harari, table a motion asking the Knesset to debate whether it still had time to deal with so large a volume of business. He pointed out that it had originally been planned to break off the session early in June, instead of permitting it to continue until within four weeks of the elections, and to meet for only one day a week. There would seem to be equally good grounds to argue that it is the Knesset's business to legislate, even at inconvenience to everybody's election preparations. The public might have valid grounds for complaint had the session been broken off early and urgent pending matters, such as the amendment to the Tenants' Protection bill and the Army Code, abandoned until such time as a Third Knesset can start work on them all over again. At the lowest level of logic, a debate such as that proposed by Mr. Harari would have occupied valuable time that can more profitably be spent on practical legislation.

ONE evening session was taken up by the first part of the debate on the proposed incorporation by the Petah Tikva Municipality of Amishav Ma'bara—now renamed by an opposition humorist as **Ami Assaf** Ma'bara, after the name of its chief protector and mover of the bill for the incorporation. There was little use in beginning this project now unless there was a reasonable prospect that it might be completed, and it might have been wiser under the circumstances to set a fixed time for the debate instead of letting it run on the "personal" system, by which each member is entitled to 10 minutes speaking time. In theory this might of course lead to a 20-hour debate, but in practice it is used to shorten the process when it is known that the major parties are willing to restrict themselves to two or three speakers. The debate, at least on the part of the labour parties, has boiled down to long-pent up criticism of Mr. Rokach's delaying tactics in the Ministry of the Interior, and it was not surprising that the General Zionists should have rallied to the support of their minister, and no fewer than 10 of their members applied to be given the floor.

Last-Minute Move

It is still just possible that there may be some last-minute move in the Ministry of the Interior in the direction of the formal incorporation in order to deprive the Knesset bill of its substance. However that may be, Mr. Rokach has already indicated that he has in fact prepared a full defence for presentation at the end of the debate this week. The opponents of the bill will all find it much more difficult to attack since the withdrawal of the second paragraph, which proposed to ante-date the incorporation to last December in order to enable the *ma'bara* dwellers to vote in the Municipal elections. Its 12,000 occupants will therefore remain disenfranchised as far as local elections are concerned, for their community has not been raised to a status of a local council and is in the position of a minor ward of the Ministry of the Interior.

Several points of interest were raised in connection with the debate by Mr. Y. Shapiro, the Mapai lawyer and chairman of the Coalition. The first of these was directed against the argument presented by Mr. Harari, that passage of the bill would constitute a dangerous precedent for interference by the Knesset with the routine work of a ministry. He noted that the establishment of local authorities was definitely a part of the duty of the High Commissioner under the Mandate, and that no precise instructions on this point were worked out when the executive and legislative branches of the administration were separated after the creation of the State. The single major acts of incorporation carried out up to now, attaching Jaffa to Tel Aviv, was, in fact, carried out by the Knesset and could serve as a precedent for the present action. The precedent is in any case not as dangerous as it looks, for the Knesset will not ordinarily seek to hamper the Government it has put into power, while it must be sure of being able to intervene should the Government for any reason cease to carry out the mandate given to it by the people's representatives.

Another element in the matter is that Mr. Rokach apparently promised a decision on Amishav as far back as last August. The decision failed to materialize, but it was considered by Mapai that the dispute did not involve a matter of major general policy that would warrant the break that was at that time being sought by a large section of the General Zionists. Obviously unrealistic by now, the break was threatened again by several General Zionist speakers last week. Mrs. Shoshanna Persitz, in particular, the chairman of the Knesset Education Committee, professed herself shocked at a bill which she claimed was designed to benefit Mapai; she did not dwell with a single word on the fact that it might, if only as a by-product of politics, benefit the *ma'bara* and particularly its educational and other social facilities.

DESPITE the pressure of business, the Knesset is likely to enact *ad hoc* legislation to validate the installation of the new Sephardic Chief Rabbi, Yitzhak Nissim. There has been a general impression that the challenge to his election (which succeeded on technical grounds before the High Court in Jerusalem last Wednesday) was inspired by Israel-born Sephardim who resented the appointment of a Rabbi of the Iraqi community. Almost all the Jews left Iraq for Israel in the great air-lift of five years ago, and they have witnessed the appointment of a Chief Rabbi from their community with the greatest of satisfaction and pride. It would have been unthinkable to let the ambiguous position now created continue and it is fortunate that the Knesset is still in session and can, if it wishes, deal with this matter quickly. In fact, an application for a validating bill to be presented by the Knesset was immediately lodged with the Presidium by Mr. Shlomo Hillel, himself a member of the Iraqi community, only two or three hours after the High Court's decision became known.

New Stalingrad Going Up

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT

Copyright by The Jerusalem Post and United Features Syndicate.

STALINGRAD. —

THIS industrial city of 500,000 on the banks of the lower Volga, which was almost completely levelled in 1942, offered an unparalleled opportunity for complete city planning, and the Government appears to be making the most of it in the location of factories on the old sites, but with the apartment and single-unit-home building extending 65 kilometres on the river front.

The city is divided into three communities: the centre, with its government and commercial buildings; the north, with the large tractor and metallurgical plants; and the south, where a new community is being built at the eastern end of the Stalingrad-Rostov Canal. This canal, which was finished in 1952, diverts part of the Volga waters from the Caspian to the Black Sea and is making Stalingrad an important shipping as well as industrial area.

I visited here in 1931, and my memories are of the intense heat, the old buildings of red brick in the centre and the new apartment houses that were being built for the workers at the new tractor plant. At that time, the new apartments were the show pieces. They were on broad streets and had extensive gardens. Only a few of these apartments near the tractor plant are now standing, and some show the marks of German shells. Most of the buildings have been razed, and larger and better-built apartments have taken their place. The workmanship on these structures leaves much to be desired from American standards, but for the Russians they are a great improvement.

More impressive building is going on in the centre of the city, and the planning includes a large open place called the Square of the Fallen Warriors from which broad boulevards radiate. Every building on the Square is new, including a theatre seating 1,500 persons. One of the principal avenues is the Street of Peace, and the explanation given for this name is that no one appreciates peace as much as the Stalingraders.

The most dramatic improvement here is on the embankment, with its wide vista of the Volga factories, shipbuilding plants and river steamers. A wide boulevard, already completed in the middle of the city, will extend the length of the city north and south on the road to the canal. Nearly all the new housing I had seen previously was apartment houses of two to five rooms for which rent is low compared with the United States.

I was told that many Stalingraders preferred to live in their own homes, and the eroded ravines leading to the river are filled with makeshift shacks of a most primitive type. New homes, however, with small gardens are being built 15 to 25 kilometres from the centre of the city on good, level ground.

To help purchasers, the municipality advances 10,000 roubles (IL4,500 at the official exchange rate) which must be repaid in ten years. I was told that these homes could be sold or left to heirs. They have electricity but no running water. Apartment houses have both, plus bath-rooms.

Along the canal, which was conceived by Peter the Great but not begun until 1949, large apartments are being built in the area known as the Red Army Section of Stalingrad. Wide streets and parks are planned but are not yet in being. This could be a park-like living area with close access to a placid stretch of the Volga, where the entrance to the canal is dominated by a 27-metre copper statute of Stalin on a 38 foot granite base. At the canal's western end, a comparable statue to Lenin is under construction.

When the city plan is completed, Stalingrad will have a 1.6m. kilowatt hydroelectric dam at the north and a canal at the south. The plan was explained to me at the Institute of Architects by architect Ephim J. Levitan, 39 years old, who has been working on the project since 1943. He said that the plan for the heart of the city was more than half completed.

Using a large, plastic model covering a table more than eight metres long, he pointed out what had been built, what is being built and what is planned. Because of the city's intense heat one major feature of the plan is to quadruple the park space and the number of trees. The general style of office buildings and apartment houses is European, with courts in squares of eight and ten-storey structures.

This is the fifth article in a series on Russia Revisited.

MUSICAL DIARY

The Haifa String Orchestra: Guest conductor: Simon Asen, of the Westchester Philharmonic Orchestra in New York. Soloist: Brenda Lewis, mezzo-soprano of the New York Metropolitan Opera (Y.M.C.A., June 15.) Arensky: Variations on a Theme by Tchaikovsky; Barber: Adagio; Purcell: Aria from "Dido and Aeneas"; Blitzstein: Aria from "Regina"; songs by Sternberg, Lavry, Helfmann; Tansmann: "Triptych.

MORE than two years have passed since we last had the chance of hearing the Haifa Orchestra. At that time, it was a promising *ensemble*, but in a fairly rough state. Last week's programme was proof of enormous progress. The rich, homogeneous tone of this relatively small body of players is indeed made for delightful listening, and Mr. Asen, who was in charge of the programme, brought the best out of it.

The selection was less happy. Except for the opening and closing items, it was one trifle following another, largely varying in tempo between adagio and larghetto. That is why the most attractive offering was the Tansmann Cycle with its barbaric straightforwardness. It was faultlessly executed.

Miss Lewis' voice carried, as one would expect of a dramatic singer, to the furthest corner of the hall. It was only a pity that her intonation was flat at times, disturbing her well-built phrases, particularly in the Purcell aria.

Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Georg Singer, conductor (Y.M.C.A., June 16): Mendelssohn: Overture to "The Beautiful Melousine"; Prokofiev: Peter and the Wolf; Labroccа: Symphony for Small Orchestra.

WELL-balanced strings and woodwinds helped to unfold the beauty of this rather seldom-heard Mendelssohn overture before the audience. We enjoyed Prokofieff's symphonic story no less. Ephraim Di Zahav's narration was lively and clear.

What we found objectionable was the Labrocca symphony, written in 1926 but, to our knowledge, never previously performed in this country. It aims at the aesthetics of "Les Six," but the absence of their "Elan Vital" leaves little more than a skeleton of set forms — second-hand material and second-hand techniques. The three movements, despite their brevity, hardly hold the listener's attention.

Y. ZARAI

Abroad

Franz Osborn, who died in Basle on June 10, was an internationally-known pianist, particularly famous for his interpretations of Mozart. Born in Berlin in 1905, he studied under Leonid Kreutzer and Artur Schnabel, and moved to London after the rise of Hitler. He gave concerts here in the 1930's, and leaves an only sister in Tel Aviv.

A RECOMMENDATION:
every year 1.500.000 passengers
put their trust into the 32 years'
experience of the World-wide
Travel Service of
AIR FRANCE
Tel-Aviv. Tel. 67307/8 — Jerusalem: Tel. 2055 - Haifa: Tel. 2942.
or through your travel agent.

INSANITY REVISITED

There lived and thrived in the days of yore
A monster that no one could tame;
We shall awkwardly name it the Demon of War
For lack of a better name.

By daytime he slept in a castle grand
But oft went a-prowling at night
From ocean to ocean, from land to land,
Prodding all nations to fight.

One day he was watching new hydrogen plays
And forgot what the risk of that sight is,
And his brain was exposed to the all-piercing rays
And contracted severe atomitis.

But now our fortunes are harder to tell
And our prospects are fearfully hazy;
If we fought like hell when the Demon was well,
How shall we behave when he's crazy?

ABRAHAM BIRMAN

Israel Side of Gaza Border 'Tranquil and Idyllic'

Under the titles "Gaza Frontier Contrasts; Guns and Guitars in Israel Settlements," the Jerusalem Correspondent of "The (London) Times" on June 11, gave this picture of life on the Israel side of the Gaza border:

IF the prospect of a war over the Gaza Strip looks real in Cairo and Tel Aviv, and not illusory in London and Washington, it seems most improbable at the source of the trouble, in the border territory itself.

This state of affairs can change in a moment, of course, but the fact that the area can be as tranquil and even idyllic as it was yesterday, when your Correspondent visited it from south to north, may indicate that some of the present tension between Israel and Egypt has been artificially worked up and that the remainder is due to causes which a little good will on both sides should be able to remove.

Your Correspondent was able to enter the area and travel freely through it. No permit was required and no sentry post had to be negotiated; not one military position or patrol was encountered. The border area on this side lacks even the sense of loneliness and aridity usually associated with Middle Eastern frontiers. Within a few hundred yards of the demarcation line comfortable looking agricultural settlements followed each other fairly closely, and fields on both sides of the lateral tracks connecting the settlements with the high road were under neat cultivation. Men were busy laying irrigation pipes, and flocks grazed peacefully.

Children at Play

At Nirim, near the southern end of the Gaza Strip, and one of the two settlements shelled during the engagement of May 30, children were splashing about in a delightful swimming pool with nothing between it and the Egyptian border except a few hundred yards of glistening sand dunes.

In the village itself there was, of course, evidence of a frontier post. In the sleeping hut of a young settler the main furniture consisted of a bed in the middle, a guitar in one corner, and a Sten gun and ammunition in another. Masons were finishing off stone and concrete shelters for children and for the women who may be posted in an emergency to look after them. There are 60 young children at Nirim, who seem none the worse for their frontier life. Apart from necessary defensive precautions in the settlement, one of whose women had both legs blown off by a shell on May 30, and which lost 75 cows when a byre was hit, Nirim seemed thoroughly peaceful and self-assured.

Egyptian Plan

All the settlers to whom your Correspondent spoke were contemptuous of Colonel Nasser's plan for laying down a demilitarised strip along the border. "It is demilitarised now," said one, pointing to the stretch of empty sand dunes between the settlement and the Egyptians, "except when gunfire is opened, which can span any normal breadth of demilitarised territory. As for mine laying, it may make the job harder, but they are desperate men who do it."

As at Nirim, so at the northern end of the demarcation line, peaceful conditions were more evident than warlike preparations. At a settlement which was established only 18 months ago, most of the young people were out in the fields or overhauling their machinery. This settlement will soon be reinforced by a group of youths from 16 to 18, who have volunteered to do agricultural work on the frontier during the two years preceding their army training. Like many of the older settlers, they will receive training in local defence, and to that extent their settlement must take on the qualities of a paramilitary post.

All these settlements, however peaceful in appearance and aims, have a paramilitary side to them, which probably cannot be avoided, although there is no doubt that it leads now and then to examples of the kind of frontier revenge which begets further revenge. On the whole, however, most of the settlers appear peaceful rather than war minded. They remain opposed to what they call mere palliatives, and say that the frontier can be pacified only if the Egyptian Army takes the same responsible steps as the Arab Legion has taken along the Jordan border.

Theatre Notes

Pantomime at the Edison

Chamber Theatre Second Pantomime Programme (Edison, J'lem). Produced by Shai Ophir, Yedidia Admon and sets by Chava Hegedus, Music by Yohanan Zarai.

THE programme had an impact and a crude yet unmistakably vital force that made a refreshing change from the recent spate of transatlantic offerings with their overloaded content of "problems" and "tensions." The present absence of polish, with the exception of Shai Ophir's performance, is in keeping with the particularly concrete, non-abstract quality of this most primitive form of drama. In it, the deed must always come before the word, the play of the body before the play of the mind.

Paradoxically, those presentations in which Mr. Ophir compromised the purist tenets of his master, Estienne Decroux, by playing to the gallery, enjoyed the greatest success—"The Good Impulse and the Evil Impulse," in which he was very ably assisted by Ziva Shafir; "The Beggar and the Donor," "Pictures from an Album of the Second Aliya," and "Chess Game Between Nations."

"Gazelles" was very clever reportage but unaccountably lacked content, while "The Machine" was more reminiscent of the dance experiments of Laban and Jooss, contradicting M. Decroux' sharp distinction between the two forms. "Jephthah of Gilead" had an interminable battle sequence in which one could not avoid feeling that the players had found something they could do well and were determined to exploit it. All Shai Ophir's artistry failed to inject his "Dolls" with the necessary pathos to gain the audience's sympathy.

Perhaps the most exciting thing in the show was the way in which the possibilities of the tape recorder were exploited in sections of the musical accompaniment, showing inventiveness, wit and a profound sense of the poetic requirements of the production.

ALEX BERLYNE

Readers' Letters

ISRAEL OPERA

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—My present trip abroad is not to be interpreted as an expression of chagrin at the obstacles placed in the way of the Israel Opera. On the contrary, I have every reason to hope that it will continue to exist and that, ultimately, a suitable home will be found for it.

I agree with the findings of the Opera Committee (appointed by the Minister of Education) that the main problem is suitable premises. The news from Treasury sources of the allocation of IL100,000 for this purpose shows that a serious move to implement the Commission's conclusions is afoot. But the Ohel Shem Hall is, in my opinion, unsuitable for opera performances and I still hope that the proposal to house the Israel Opera in the Kessem Hall will find willing hearts. This latter proposal was also made by the Commission and expert opinion also favours it.

I go abroad in the firm resolve to enlist the aid of friends and sympathizers who, together with the artists in Israel, will make a joint effort to see to it that the Israel Opera can once again resume its important task, in a suitable hall.

EDIS DE PHILIPPE

Tel Aviv, June 12.

"ACCADIA" ARCHITECT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Why are architects discriminated against in your reports of new buildings? In your issue of May 30, you published a photo and article about the Accadia Beach and Hotel without mentioning my name, as the architect.

Yours, etc.
W. J. WITTKOWER

Tel Aviv, June 8.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

NOISE — Inhabitants of part of Katamon are rudely awakened each morning between 3:00 and 4:00 a.m., by the *shammash* of one of the local synagogues, who summons his congregation for early prayers by shouting their names wildly in front of their houses. Neither protests to him nor appeals to the police have had any effect. The question arises whether there is no authority able to protect our sleep against the incursion of mediaeval religious customs.

S. PELLED

Jerusalem.

Friday's Press

Supreme Court Lauded

"ZMANIM" (Progressive) has nothing but praise for the Supreme Court for not seeking an easy way out in deciding upon the invalidation of the Chief Rabbi's election. The Minister of Justice has found a suitable solution, and the paper hopes that Knesset action on the Validation Act will be speedy and thorough. "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) writes about the opening of the World Jewish Conference in Paris against German Rearmament and takes "Davar" (Histadrut) to task for objecting to this Conference on the ground that it has been called on Communist initiative. Asserting that the interest of the Jewish people is above petty objections, "Al Hamishmar" mocks "Davar's" qualms, calling them a reflection of Mapai's fear of what Washington will think.

"Ha'aretz" (non-party) deplores the Guri Commission's lack of courage to "go the whole hog" in the matter of salary gradings and points out that the "Revolt of the professional" of which the physicians' passive resistance move is only a beginning, is apt to have serious repercussions. The Government must take immediate action before the situation gets out of hand.

Refuting Mr. Macmillan's statement that Great Britain is doing its best to preserve a balance of power between Israel and the Arab states, "Davar" (Histadrut) adduces a number of examples to show that facts do not bear out the Minister's contention. Pacification, the paper adds, cannot come about when London continues to send arms to the Arabs and when the British Government declines to sign a defence pact with Israel while such agreements exist between her and the Arabs.

"Lamerhav" (Ahdut Ha'avoda) dwells upon the new pioneering group which has gone to be settled in Eilat, the southernmost tip of the State and, after detailing the movement's settlement activity in the Negev, calls upon all those interested in bolstering the State's economic and security position to give the new group all possible aid.

Firing the first shot in its election campaign, "Hamodia" (World Aguda) analyses the difference between its point of view and that of the Mizrahi, but emphasizes the fact that its real *raison d'etre* is to ensure a religious life for the Orthodox Jew in Israel. It is not attempting, as charged, to draw about it a circle of isolation: its aim is to attain a Jewish life based on the Laws of the Torah.

"Hatzofe" (Mizrahi), writing on the same subject, sets out the party's aims and achievements and points out that there are parties which exist for the sake of elections. The Mizrahi Party, the paper claims, belongs to another category and feels that its 60,000 members will be able to prove their mettle in the coming elections. "Haboker" (General Zionist) also discusses elections, but dwells mainly on the question of constituency representation, pointing out that the country is not yet prepared for such an arrangement because the population is in a state of flux.

THE LAND OF THE BOOK
A large selection of modern and ancient books of the Holy Land for research, collection and souvenirs.
Antique and modern maps and views.
The Universitas-Booksellers
7 Princess Mary Ave., Jerusalem. Tel. 4050. P.O.B. 1086.

BRITISH LEGION — TEL AVIV
P.O.B. 1901
Garden Party and Dance
for members and their families
at the RAMAT AVIV HOTEL
on Wednesday, June 22, 1955,
at 8.30 p.m.
Entrance free — Entertainment provided
Transportation arranged
Today is the deadline to receive invitations.
Invitations can be obtained at the Legion Office, 112 Dizengoff Rd., Tel Aviv, tonight, between 4 and 8.
L. B. PASHER, Hon. Secretary

DEFENCE (FINANCE) REGULATIONS
Complete, Consolidated Reprint with Summary of relevant orders in this month's
BUSINESS DIARY MAGAZINE
No. 265
Price of single copy 900 pruta, available at:
HAIFA: Universal, Steimatzky, Doron, Kedma, Ringart, Sidi, Fisher, Hadar, Bauer (Mt. Carmel).
TEL AVIV: Blumstein, Pales, Steimatzky, Kiosks Levy (Post) Shabtay (Rehov Herzl), Buchbaum (Ben Yehuda)
JERUSALEM: Mayer, Jordan, Steimatzky, Blum (near Atara), Stein (Knesset).
NATANYA: Pompan, RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar.
NAHARIYA: Pales, REHOVOT: Pales.
ISRAEL BUSINESS BOOK LTD., Haifa, 37 Rehov Hanamal, Tel. 6258, Cables: Biodigest. P.O.B. 1313.
TEL AVIV: 1 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, Tel. 2262.

The Harlem Globe Trotters
TWO SHOWS IN ONE PERFORMANCE
Magicians of Basketball with their world famous variety attractions
are coming to
ISRAEL
July 12, 13, 14
under the auspices of
ROTARY CLUB
OF TEL AVIV-JAFFA
PERFORMANCES AT THE RAMAT GAN STADIUM
Proceeds to aid underprivileged youth
This ad is sponsored by:
MIGDAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.

to Everywhere!
EVERY TUESDAY
from Lydda to
Europe, North and South America
Apply to your agent!
SWISSAIR
Swissair Representation, 28 Ahad Ha'am, Tel Aviv, Tel. 62167.

מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס
The Third Drawing of Series 1955 / ב
WILL BE HELD
THIS WEEK
MIFAL HA'PAYIS
מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס • מפעל הפיס